THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1870. [VOLUME III---NUMBER 80

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 20, 1870.

☞ For Correct Market Reports, see Fourth Page.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The head notes of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, for the last term, are now ready, in pamphlet form, at this office. Price, one dollar.

A Call for a Meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee.

The members of the State Democratic Executive Committee are requested to meet in Macon, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, to elect their chairman.

A. H. COLQUITT,
President State Democratic Convention.

Omission.

The name of General Young for Congress was inadvertently omitted this morning at our mast-head.

Usury.

In a late article on usury we stated that the Insurance companies had large sums of money to loan here, but for the usury laws.

We have since seen a copy of the Insurance Monitor, which gives a letter from St. Louis, from which we make the following extract, to show what capital we lose from one single source alone through our impolitic restrictions upon money:

The Life companies represented here from other States than New York are endeavoring to get a hold on the local affections of St. Louis by loaning large sums of money to our citizens, always taking care to get the very best security and the highest possible interest.

Thus the Connecticut Mutual Life has nearly four million dollars loaned in this city, and it is astonishing to find how many public improvements have been carried out upon means opportunely secured from that old Life Company. The Charter Oak Life, the American of Philadelphia, the New England Mutual and others have followed in their track, but the money loaning is an attractive advertisement and pays handsome dividends. An effort was made in the Legislature last winter to impose an additional penalty upon Life Companies, not loaning money in the State, but it failed. The New York Companies will never get the credit they deserve until they persuade the Legislature of their own State to revoke the law prohibiting investments on real estate anywhere but in New York.

Andrew Johnson Talking.

Andy Johnson has made a speech of great power at Gallatin, Tennessee. He strikes for a constitutional government in his usual manner. He enunciates with ringing accent the key-notes of Democratic faith. We have not the space to quote his speech, but we give an extract that will well bear reproduction, illustrating the great necessity of limiting the power of the General Government:

The authors tell us, too, of stratocracy, or in other words, a military government. The word is derived from two Greek words signifying army and power. That is what you have got to day, and Congress stands without a constitution, governing the people of the United States as with an iron rod. We, therefore, see the importance of the constitution, and of confining those in power within the limits of that constitution. The government of the United States is one of limited powers. The great idea of limitation runs through the Federal, State and municipal governments.

Upon this theme the speaker was exceedingly eloquent, and in a telegraphic report we cannot do him justice. Look out, said he, upon the broad ocean. Though the waves may dash high and the winds may blow fierce, vessels may be torn from their moorings and lashed to pieces, yet God in the construction of the world, has marked a boundary as to how far these waves shall go and the winds continue. Then we step off the ocean and get upon land with all its volcanic eruptions, and we find through all nature this great idea of limits and bounds. The mighty sun that illuminates the world in performing his career around the universe, or the universe around him, as the case may be, can go so far and no farther. There is a boundary and limit fixed. When we come to man, how much more has he a limit and a boundary? He was not allowed to go farther than Thad. Stephens when he went outside of the constitution, and he went far enough.

OUR STATE FAIR.

What our Exchanges Say About It.

The fair promises to be a grand success. *Charleston (S. C.) News.*

It promises to be one of the finest exhibitions of its kind ever made in the South. *Richmond (Va.) State Journal.*

The extensive preparations for this fair warrant us in saying it will be the grandest affair of the kind which has taken place in the South for ten years.—*Demopolis (Ala.) Exponent.*

The Georgia Agricultural State Fair, to be held at the Fair Grounds, near the city of Atlanta, commencing on the 19th day of October next, will, we apprehend, be the largest assemblage of the kind ever held in the State of Georgia.—*Madison (Ga.) Examiner.*

The Empire State of the South is making vast preparations for its sixteenth agricultural fair, commencing at Atlanta, October 19th, and will probably continue ten or fifteen days. The railroads have reduced their rates of passage, and accommodations are offered for one hundred thousand guests. Twenty-five thousand dollars in premiums are to be offered. It will certainly be a great event, and we hope Florida will be largely represented.—*Quincy (Fla.) Journal.*

This is one of the grand enterprises of which Georgia is so full, and there is no place South better adapted to occasions of this kind than Atlanta. It is accessible to all sections of the whole country, being almost a net-work of railroads, and in as healthy a locality as can be found South. There is nothing that tends more toward the re-union of the two sections, North and South, than the annual meetings of this great people, to compare the articles of industry of a nation.—*Talladega (Ala.) Sun.*

It is a well-known fact that Georgia has recovered from the effects of the war more rapidly than most of the Southern States, and that notwithstanding her anomalous position in the Union, she is on the highway of prosperity and may still be called the Empire State of the South. The growth of Atlanta is truly surprising. The place has all the features of a large commercial city, and its ruined walls have been rebuilt in a substantial and beautiful style. These remarks are suggested by a circular we have received from Colonel Foster Blodgett, Superintendent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, announcing arrangements made for carrying passengers to the sixteenth annual fair of the Georgia State Agricultural Society. The society, at its last meeting, had representatives from over one hundred counties, and they passed a resolution cordially inviting the citizens of the North, East and West to meet their brethren of the South at the coming Fair, to exchange friendly greetings, to exhibit stock, agricultural implements and other implements of home industry, and thus promote the material interests of all sections. This is the reconstruction that will elevate and strengthen the South, and it is practiced in a spirit worthy of imitation.—*Memphis (Tenn.) Ledger.*

Our Prejudice Against Union Men—Its Injustice and its Evil Consequences.

Editors Constitution: During our late war against the United States it was a necessity on our part to silence and put down all opposition.

However conscientious were a man's convictions of the impolicy of secession or separation, he was not permitted, except at the hazard of being mobbed, or in some way injured in his person, property or reputation. His life-long penalty to the United States Government, and his earnest desire to have it maintained, was not allowed to have any bearing in his behalf, when our success in revolution depended on his silence.

This is the invariable rule of all revolutions. No freedom of speech, however truthful and wise, is tolerated, and the reason why this is so, is, that men who inaugurate revolution against existing governments can't afford to let go, and the less excuse they have for inaugurating rebellion or revolution, the greater will be their punishment in case of failure, hence the persistent efforts on their part, not only to arbitrarily silence opposition, but to hold it in check by spotting and branding every one opposed to them, with degredation and infamy.

We persistly endeavored to render infamous every man who refused to take up arms against the government of the United States. However unjust this was *it was our necessity during the war.* But now, since the war has ended, and we are all trying to get back into the Union we tried to overthrow, we are no longer under the necessity of stigmatizing and disgracing Union men, especially those who are and were consistently true to the Union as it was. That Union was good enough.

We see it now, and are anxious to return to it. Union men, ever true to the government as it was, were never the enemies of the South; and when they took up arms to prevent us from destroying it, they were moved as good parents are moved, in punishing their children to keep them out of danger.

We started headlong to destruction. They plead with us to return. We heeded not their entreaties, and took up arms against them. They fought us to preserve the Union, and good government, and succeeded in compelling us to lay down our arms.

But after we laid down our arms, another revolution was commenced, by the *abolition party North* to overthrow the reserved rights of the States, and establish a consolidated government. This revolution finds stubborn opposition from the true Union men, and has given them a chance to prove to us they really never were our enemies.

They should have our confidence and respect, instead of continuities and insults; and any attempt on our part to revive the old war prejudices against them can find no just excuse, and should bring down on us the merited condemnation of every good citizen. Not only this, we would thereby, through such intolerance, greatly aid the dominant revolutionary party now in power.

AN OLD FIRE-EATER.

Communicated.

An Office Seeking the Man—Dr. C. L. Redwine.

It is gratifying to the numerous friends of the above gentleman to see his name announced as a candidate for the Senate from this District; and to further learn that he will consent to run if he receives the nomination.

In expressing my hearty approbation of of Dr. Redwine's candidacy, I but speak the sentiments of *all who know the man*, as well as those of a large number of citizens of the counties of Cobb, Fulton and Clayton, who know him only by reputation.

Of a modest and retiring disposition, and having no ambition for place or preferment, I regard this as an eminent instance of the *office seeking the man*—knowing as I do, that for more than a fortnight, efforts were made to draw Dr. Redwine from his wonted retirement, and induce him to enter the lists. This done, the voters of this Senatorial district are rallying to his support, and in clothing him with Senatorial honors, we confide to an honorable, patriotic, and competent gentleman, trusts which he will guard sacredly and vigilantly.

Of Dr. Redwine's christian virtues and high moral character, I need not speak, farther than to say that to these he unites a high order of intelligence, cultivation, and a manliness of character, which fit him for the position. There is no craftiness of the politician in his composition, but as in the private and business relations of life, he would, in the councils of State, be found in uncompromising adherence to principle, and a champion of the right. In the evil times upon us, to such men alone should important trusts be confided, and when men of Dr. Redwine's ability and high character will accept that trust, let us not hesitate to elect them.

Hastings and St. Leonard's.

The town of Hastings, which has been selected by the Empress Eugenie as her place of refuge, is situated on the south coast of England, at a distance of seventy-six and a half miles from London, with which city it communicates both by the London, Brighton, and South-coast, and by the Southeastern railways. It is much resorted to by invalids in the colder months of the year, because of the comparative mildness of the temperature. The older part of the town is on the beach, and sheltered by the cliffs from the north winds.

There are pleasant summer residences under the cliff, on which are the ruins of a castle, probably belonging to Count d'Eu, to whom the town and manor were granted in fief at the conquest. Hastings, the famous Viking, perhaps, gave name to the town, or it may be from the Saxon hæste, "heat."

In allusion to its genial situation. In Athelstan's day it was a place of consequence, with a mint, and Edward the Confessor made it one of the Cinque ports. The curious who inspect the ruins of a chapel there are told that Thomas a'Beckett, saint and archbishop, was once dean of the church, and William, of Wyeham, a famous patron of learning, was canon. The town is not a place of great business activity, but it is lively, and since the railroad communication with London and along the coast it has increased rapidly in importance, and possesses many handsome streets and good stores.

Hastings, though an ancient Cinque port, has long ceased to be of any commercial importance, as its harbor has been choked by the shingle drift from the strong set of the channel current. The adjacent township of St. Leonard's, once a little village, but now a place of resort more fashionable than Hastings itself, is joined to Hastings by an esplanade and fine row of mansions. St. Leonard's itself has a fine terrace facing the sea. The bathing is better than at Hastings proper. Some commanding cliffs overhang the town, which, from the sea, presents a very pleasing appearance. Not far from Hastings are the ruins of the Battle Abbey, the church built and endowed by William the Conqueror to keep up masses for the repose of those souls who fell in the battle of Hastings, when Harold and the Saxon infantry with his bill and bowmen were vanquished by the mailed chivalry of the Norman invader.

WHOSE TURN NEXT?—LONDON, September 15.—The announcement that Prussia dictated the terms on which Italy enters Rome, creates dismay. It is asked whose turn comes next?

PHIL'S OPINION.—General Sheridan, it is said, has written private letters to friends in this city, in which he gives it as his opinion that the Prussian army will not bombard Paris, but will endeavor to starve it into submission.

☞ One of the young Rothschilds has shouldered a chassepot and is daily doing duty on the ramparts.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, September 20, 1870.

Senate called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

Mr. Bruton moved to reconsider action on extending further State aid to the Balnbridge, Cuthbert and Columbus Railroad.

Mr. Nunnally favored reconsideration.

Messrs Brock, Holcombe and Dunning opposed reconsideration.

The previous question was called and sustained and the bill reconsidered by yeas 17, nays 15.

The bill was again read by request.

Mr. Harris moved to re-commit the bill to the committee.

Several amendments were proposed allowing other roads to build bridges on the credit of the State.

A lengthy and heated debate took place on the question.

Mr. Harris withdrew his motion to re-commit.

The motion to strike out $100,000 and insert $50,000 was carried.

The yeas and nays were demanded and the bill lost by yeas 14, nay 16.

Mr. Harris moved that the Senate resolve itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the election bill.

Mr. Burns made the point of order that the bill had not been read the second time hence could not be taken up.

The Chair decided that the bill had been read.

Mr. Candler insisted that the bill had not been read the second time in the presence of a quorum.

Mr. Hinton appealed from the decision of the Chair, and demanded the yeas and nays.

Mr. Speer called the previous question. The vote was taken and resulted in yeas 26; nays 5.

Mr. Nunnally moved that it be made the special order for to-morrow, after reading the Journal.

Mr. Hinton made the point of order that pending a motion to refer to a committee and a call of the yeas and nays no other motion can be entertained.

The President decided the point not well taken.

Mr. Candler made the point that there was no authority to go into a committee of the whole.

The President said a majority of the Senate could do as they please.

Mr. Burns denounced the course pursued in rushing through a bill in this hasty manner.

Mr. Candler made a point of order that all motions should be made in writing.

Mr. Wellborn wanted to know how this bill should come up in order when there were others ahead of it on the calendar. If it was unfinished business the question was upon referring it on the second reading, and it could not be read the third time without a two-thirds vote.

The President over-ruled it.

The bill was taken up and read a third time.

Mr. Holcombe called attention to the rules laid down in Cushing's Manual for resolving into a committee of the whole.

Mr. Wellborn moved to adjourn.

Motion lost by yeas 9, nays 20.

Mr. Wellborn made the point of order that the bi l could not be taken up without a two-thirds vote.

The President ruled the point not well taken.

Mr. Wellborn appealed from the ruling of the Chair.

The ruling of the Chair was sustained by yeas 23, nays 5.

Mr. Candler moved to refer to Judiciary Committee.

The President said that the motion was out of order.

Mr. Harris moved that the time be extended to 2 o'clock.

Mr. Candler made the point of order that, according to the previous ruling of the President, the motion was out of order.

The President ruled that it was in order, and put the motion, which was carried.

Mr. Candler then asked permission for the six Democrats to retire, which was granted, and Messrs. Burns, Candler, Hinton, Nunnally, Holcombe, and Wellborn retired.

Messrs. Wellborn, Nunnally, and Hinton soon afterwards returned and participated.

Mr. Nunnally moved to make it the special order for to-morrow.

Lost by yeas 12 nays 17.

Mr. Hungerford called the previous question.

The vote was taken, with the following result:

Yeas: Bowers, Bradley, Colman, Campbell, Crayton, Dickey, Dunning, Griffin (21st), Harris, Henderson, Henry, Hungerford, Jones, Merrell, McWhorter, Sherman, Speer, Wallace, Welch—19.

Nays: Brock, Bruton, Griffin (6th), Hinton, Jordan, Mathews, McArthur, Nunnally, Smith (7th), Traywick, Wellborn—11.

Mr. Hinton gave notice of a motion to reconsider to-morrow.

Bills on first reading:

Mr. Bruton To secure policy holders from loss by insurance companies.

Mr. McWhorter—To amend the homestead act.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, September 20, 1870.

The House was called to order at the appointed hour, Speaker McWhorter in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Crumley.

Journal of yesterday was read.

Harrison, of Hancock, moved to reconsider so much of yesterday's proceedings as relates to the indefinite postponement of a bill to amend the act granting State aid to the Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company.

Mr. Bryant opposed the motion on the ground that additional aid to the said road is not necessary, and that it would injure the indorsement given to other roads, etc.

Turner, of Bibb, favored the motion to reconsider, and argued that though the road is said to be in running order, yet it is unsafe and needs aid for its improvement.

Mr. Fitzpatrick favored the motion to reconsider. He remarked that there is no possibility of the State's losing one dollar.

Mr. Fitzpatrick called the previous question, which call was sustained.

On the main question the yeas and nays were demanded, with the following result: Yeas 68, nays 43.

The bill to incorporate the McDonough and Western Railroad Company and to grant State aid to the same, was read the third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Hall, of Glynn, Major Richard Orme was invited to a seat on the floor of the House.

On motion of Mr. Barnum, the same courtesy was extended to Colonel Benjamin May.

On motion of Moore, Wm. Davison, Esq., was invited to a seat.

Several of the standing committees submitted reports.

The bill to incorporate the Atlanta and Savannah Air Line Railroad Company and to grant State aid to the same was read the third time.

Mr. Bryant moved to indefinitely postpone the bill.

Mr. Anderson favored the motion, remarking that yesterday this House chartered a road running over exactly the same section of country.

Mr. Duncan said that the road which was chartered yesterday was gotten up for the purpose of defeating this road.

Mr. Lee said that the road from Covington to Milton was nearly an air line between Atlanta and Savannah, and that most of the proposed routes would be no farther distant apart than five miles. He favored the motion to postpone, and called the previous question, which was sustained. The motion was put, and the motion to indefinitely postpone prevailed.

The bill to loan the credit of the State to the Trion Railroad Company was read a third time.

Mr. Bryant moved to indefinitely postpone the bill.

Mr. Shumate favored the motion on the ground that other roads run through the same section.

Mr. Cleghorn opposed the motion, remarking that he desired this bill to go to the Governor and stand an equal chance with the others.

Mr. Osgood called the previous question. The main question was put, and the motion to indefinitely postpone prevailed.

The bill to incorporate the Georgia Seaboard and North Western Railroad Company, and to grant State aid to the same, was read the third time.

Mr. Williams, of Morgan, moved to indefinitely postpone on account of other roads running parallel with it.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, remarked that the road runs from Lawton, on the Gulf road, to Barnesville, and does not run parallel with other roads.

Mr. Williams withdrew his motion.

Mr. Bethune said that granting State aid is ruining the State and disgusting the people. He renewed the motion to postpone.

On the motion to indefinitely postpone, the yeas and nays were demanded, with the following result:

Yeas, 29; nays, 79.

Mr. Darnell called the previous question on the passage of the bill.

The call was sustained and the bill was passed.

The bill to amend the act to loan the credit of this State to the Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company was taken up.

Mr. Nesbitt, of Dade moved to amend by inserting $3,000 instead of of $5,000 per mile. This amendment was accepted.

Mr. Bryant moved to amend by adding the Macon and Augusta, the Georgia, and Central Railroads.

Mr. Scott opposed the passage of the bill in his usual forcible manner, and called the previous question on the adoption of Mr. Bryant's amendment.

On motion of Mr. Nesbitt, of Dade, Mr. Bryant's amendment was laid on the table.

The main question on the passage of the bill was put.

The yeas and nays were called for, with the following result:

Yeas, 65; nays, 42.

On motion of Mr. Hall, of Meriwether, the general appropriation act, and the bill to amend the act to authorize the Governor to borrow money to pay members of the General Assembly, etc., were read a second time.

The general appropriation act was made the special order for Friday, and 2 0 copies were ordered to be printed.

The bill to amend the act to authorize the Governor to borrow money to pay members of the General Assembly was read a third time.

Mr. Hall, of Meriwether, said that this bill is only intended to remedy defects in the original bill, to include the payment of salaries of Judges, etc.

Mr. Anderson argued that the bill is unnecessary because the bill known as the "bond bill" raises the money and it is only necessary that officers get warrants and they will get their money.

The motion for the passage of the bill was put and prevailed.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, offered a joint resolution instructing the Treasurer to pay to each member of the General Assembly one hundred dollars. This resolution was adopted.

A message from the Governor was received, saying that his Excellency had approved and signed the following acts to-wit:

An act to incorporate the Central Georgia Agricultural and Manufacturing Company.

Also, an act to repeal an act to provide for the levying and collection of a tax for the payment of costs due to clerks and sheriffs in insolvent criminal cases, etc.

Mr. Parks introduced a bill to sell certain property of the State connected with the Penitentiary, and to provide a separate asylum for colored lunatics.

A bill for the relief of Jeter Webster, of Muscogee, was read the first time.

The bill to donate certain lands to the Oak City Hook and Ladder Company of Bainbridge was read the third time and passed.

The bill to authorize the Ordinary of Clay county to issue bonds to build a Court-house, etc., was passed.

The bill to amend the charter of the city of Macon, to divide said city into wards, etc., was read the third time.

Mr. Scott moved to make the same the special order for Saturday next.

Messrs. Armstrong and Scott advocated the motion on the ground that the citizens of Macon object to the bill and should be heard on so important a measure.

The motion of Mr. Scott did not prevail.

Mr. O'Neal, of Lowndes, called the previous question on the passage of the bill, which call was sustained.

The yeas and nays were demanded with the following result: yeas 55, nays 41.

On motion of Mr. Slaton the Senate bill, authorizing the Mayor and Council of the city of Atlanta to provide for the introduction of water works into said city, was read the third time.

Mr. Holcombe said that the bill had been carefully prepared and would effect none but the tax payers of Atlanta, who are very desirous for its passage. The main question was put and the bill was passed.

The bill to incorporate the Thomasville Loan and Trust Company was read a third time, and, on the passage of this bill, the yeas and nays were called with the following result: Yeas 96, nays 0.

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. Floyd, Madison, Maul, Colby, Page, Johnson, of Towns, Bryant, Osgood, Haren, and Duncan.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Speaker declared the House adjourned until 9 A. M., to-morrow.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, Sept. 20.—A long and protracted strike of the Iron Workers is ended. The managers are making no concessions.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Private dispatches from Havana make the aggregate of yellow fever deaths in that city, for the week ending Saturday, 560.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 21.—There has been a skirmish near Juerry and Chatillon, on the outskirts of Paris.

The Prussians now occupy Clamart, Mardon, Villeneuve, Vaunes, and Fontenay.

The Crown Prince is near Fontainbleau.

The Prussians crossed the Seine a few miles above the confluence of the Marne.

Advices from Strasbourg, on Monday, stated that the cannon of the garrison are nearly all quiet.

General Ulrich is badly wounded. His head-quarters are removed to a cellar.

The people voted by a large majority to continue the defense.

Italian news is meagre. Rome is still unoccupied.

The Prussians cite Napoleon's precedent as authority for employing prisoners on the public works.

The Ministry publish the following:

"The enemy have evacuated, going to Barthebren and Eresheim."

Official Paris advices of the evening of the 18th say that the Prussians made a reconnoissance near Joinville. An engagement with the French sharp-shooters on the opposite bank of the Marne resulted in the Prussians being driven off.

The German Uhlans occupy Versailles.

It is understood that the Prussians will make Versailles permanent headquarters.

The Garde Mobile are killing many German scouts around Paris.

The Government has decided to erect a complete system of barricades in Paris. Rochefort has charge.

The army at Lyons is incorporating African recruits. Organization progresses rapidly. This army is intended to operate in the departments of the East. Detachments have already gone forward to Besancon and Vosges.

Prussians threaten death to those repairing railroads which the Prussians destroy.

The Constitutionnel gives the following answer from the King to the mediation efforts:

Whereas great powers did not succeed in preventing France declaring war against Prussia, Prussia now demands her right to treat directly with France for peace; but as France has no regular government Prussia can have no guarantee that conditions of a treaty will be fulfilled.

To settle this point, Jules Favre himself has gone to the King's headquarters. Tours Postal Service, hence to Paris, is done entirely by messengers.

The Times correspondent from Saarbruck says that on Monday a sortie from Metz was ordered, but consequently was countermanded. The French peasants in that neighborhood continue to murder German officers by picking them off with rifles. They have also inflicted damage on the enemy by cutting the telegraph.

In order to avoid complications with other nations France has declined the services of Polish volunteers.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, August 20.—Negotiations for delay at Rome failed. The Italians are about forcing the Gates of Rome. Feeble resistance is anticipated.

ROMANCE OF EUGENIE.

How She Once Became Engaged to a Virginia Gentleman—The Match Broken off by the Lover's Mother—A Wonderful Change of Destiny.

Correspondence of the Lynchburg Republican.

In 1851, the uncle of the writer resided as American Minister at Paris, with a large family around him. At this time appeared in society there, Eugenie Marie de Guyman, Countess of Montijo, a lovely person and an aristocratic name, securing her brilliant conquests in that society, and constituting her one of the most famous ladies in Paris. It was thought, and indeed freely remarked, that her mother was more ambitious than herself, that the former designed for her some great alliance, while Eugenie appeared a model of simple sincerity, a girl who would choose to consult her heart in any matrimonial affair.

Her sister had just married the Duke of Alba and Berwick, a lineal descendant of James II of England; and the worthy mother, Donna Maria, no doubt designed at least an equal matrimonial destiny for the more beautiful of her daughters. But the heart is not always to be controlled even in the most aristocratic life, or to yield to its exactions or convenience. Eugenie lost hers to a fine looking blonde Virginian, young William C. Rives, son of the American Minister. They were engaged to be married. But Aunt Judy Rives, a Virginia matron, very decided and angular in her scruples, interfered and broke off the match; the Countess was too "fast" for her old Virginia views of social sobriety.

The woman for whom future had reserved so much escaped the comparatively humble match that her heart had decided upon—the destiny of a quiet Virginia housewife—to ascend the throne of France. Alas, what other contrasts may yet remain for her! If an event had been ordered differently, if a prospective mother-in-law had proved complacent, the Empress, the woman who has adorned the throne of France and displayed to the world the charms of another Cleopatra, might at this moment be a quiet matron living in a farm house near Cobham Depot, county of Albemarle, and State of Virginia!

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, and upon its perfections or imperfections all the mutations of our existence happen. When this source is corrupted the baleful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in running sores, Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Restlessness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affairs, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and worse than the disease. The long known injurious properties of these so called a terative substances has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arena of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are wasting, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent measure, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the lassitude and debility peculiar to that season of the year. Heals promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

BILL-HEADS, LABELS, LETTER-HEADS, and in fact every variety of Mercantile Printing done at THE CONSTITUTION office with dispatch.

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DISPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combination or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,

T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., Oct. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. D. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the unfortunate notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It always has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has ever discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. E. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs, nov21-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS.

THE

Purest Medicated Cordial

OF

THE AGE.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the constitution.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Kidney Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Female Complaints.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures "never well" people.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives an appetite.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Liver Complaint.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives tone to digestive organs.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters strikes at the root of disease.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters gives energy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Nervousness.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters purifies the blood.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the best Spring Medicine.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters regulate the bowels.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters excites the Torpid Liver.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, best Physicians recommend.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters will give Youthful Vigor.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Dentity.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, $1,000 for a better remedy.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters, the favorite of Germany.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters prevents Chills and Fever.

☞ Lippman's Great German Bitters has met with success everywhere.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., May 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO.—Gentlemen: I certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters." I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetizer.

J. W. FOINDEXTER, M. D.

H. F. Wyly, Pemberton, Taylor & Co. and A. J. West & Co.

ATLANTA, GA.,

Wholesale Agents for Lippmann's Great German Bitters.

Lippman's Pyrafuge,

The Great Chill and Fever Expeller.

ONE DOSE STOPS THE CHILLS.

NEW GRANADVILLE, S. C., Nov 10, 1869

MR. LIPPMAN—Dear Sir:

Please send me half dozen bottles of your invaluable and justly like Pyrafuge. The bearer himself was cured of a few years old chill and fever, and his whole family. It has never failed in a single case. Yours respectfully,

WM. F. ROBERT.

Read the Following:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
GRIFFIN, GA., February 6, 1869.

This is to certify that I have used Prof. H. H. Kayton's "Oil of Life" in my family, in a case of aggravated Neuralgia in the face, and after three applications it gave permanent relief.

WM. M. CLINE, Mayor.

may15-dly

W. G. NEWMAN. JOHN E. PAUL

NEWMAN & FAIN,

Contractors and Builders,

(Office up-stairs over E. H. Goodman's Store.)

NO. 28 PEACHTREE STREET,

july6-dtu ATLANTA, GA.

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Calf-skins, Box-toes, Water proofed Leather, Kid Slips or Facings of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Sole Leather and Patent Leather, all stitched and to be made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our shop, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, or you will miss the finest and best fitting boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.

sept8-dtu June5-dly

CATALOGUES GOTTEN UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

PAY YOUR TAXES!

AFTER the 20th instant, I am instructed by the Council to close the Books, and issue Double Tax Executions against defaulters—this I shall certainly do. Pay promptly, and save yourself costs, time and trouble.

FRANK T. RYAN,
Receiver and Collector.

sept8-dtillsept21

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
2d. For its Unequaled Durability,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Economy.

☞ IT COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK ZINC Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

Try It and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

A. E. SHULHAFER'S NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE, No 67 Whitehall Street, Empire Block,

IS AGENT FOR THIS CITY,

Where orders may be left for any description of work in our line.

General Office Cor. Washington and Broad Sts., and Dye Works 120 and 81 Ellis Street, Augusta, Ga.

We respectfully beg to inform the public that we are now ready to do DYEING and CLEANING of all kinds of SILKS, VELVETS and RIBBONS, WOOLEN GOODS, ALPACAS, WORSTED GOODS and GENTS' CLOTHING, KID GLOVES, CURTAINS, LACES, CRAPE SHAWLS, etc., in all colors. Also, Gents' Clothing Repaired and Altered.

First-class work or no pay.

BLASCOW & BEROUD,
julyl-dly French Dyers.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the insurances of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is INVARIABLE, SECURED and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the extra five and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $300 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; the amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,751, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company adopting the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $8

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 20, 1870.

Judge D. F. Hammond is not interested as counsel in the Mitchell matter.

Personal.

We had a number of pleasant calls yesterday.

Our sprightly confrere H. W. Grady, of the Rome Commercial, and Colonel Shanklin, formerly of the Rome Daily, but now of the Commercial, favored us.

We also had a call from our old Savannah friend, J. R. Saussy, Esq., a promising young lawyer. The latter gentleman made many friends in Atlanta as a member of the Legislature last winter.

Whitfield County.

The Whitfield county Democracy on Saturday nominated Dr. E. F. Emerson, of Tunnel Hill, as the party candidate for Representative.

Colonel I. E. Shumate, the present very talented member from that county, refused peremptorily to allow his name to go before the nominating meeting.

He has made an excellent representative, and Whitfield has cause to be proud of his services.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Colonel N. J. Hammond, the able reporter of the Supreme Court, has placed us under obligations for part first, of volume forty of the Decisions of the Supreme Court for December term 1869.

The book is gotten up in handsome style by J. W. Burke & Co., of Macon. The reports are clear and concise, yet full, and evince Colonel Hammnod's care, acumen and ability. There are many important decisions in this volume.

It is absolutely essential to the Georgia bar. No lawyer in good practice can get along without it.

Personal.

We find the following in the Columbus Sun of Friday:

"In pursuance of a determination formed some months since, my connection with the Sun ceases from this date.

A. R. LAMAR."

We regret to lose Colonel Lamar from journalism, and from the newspaper champions of the Democracy. He is a sturdy, hard-hitting fighter, with the pluck and bottom of a thorough-bred. He has the clearest style of any editor that we know of. He wasted fewer words, and come nearer to telling what he meant in good English, and more thoroughly quit when he had gotten through than any journalist in Georgia. His devotion to Domocratic principle was never surpassed. He exhibited less of expediency than almost any newspaper man in the State.

We hope soon to see him back in harness.

Mr. Stephens' Letter.

We published the letter of Hon. Linton Stephens, giving his views in regard to the nomination of candidates to Congress who may be disqualified by the constitutional amendments and reconstruction laws of Congress when it first appeared, and designed the next day to express our dissent from the policy recommended by him. Severe indisposition, however, prevented us from doing so. Since the publication of Mr. Stephens' letter, the almost unanimous disapproval of his recommendations has been so thoroughly made known through the Democratic presses of the State, that we do not deem it necessary now to discuss the subject. With no disrespect to Mr. Stephens, to many of whose views and principles we heartily subscribe, we propose to dismiss his letter as giving only his individual opinions upon a subject in which he chances to hold views differing widely from the unanimous judgment of the Democratic party of Georgia, and as such let our opponents make the most of it.

On this subject, we commend and endorse the views of the correspondent "Georgia" of the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, which will be found in another column. *Savannah News.*

The Akerman Election Bill.

Colonel Akerman emphasized the necessity of a fair election in the fall. His bill, printed by us a day or two back, is the most partizan measure yet introduced into the Legislature, and is the bitterest commentary upon his views of fair elections that could well be written.

In the first place the postponement of the election from November to December is without a sound public reason, and is simply to give the Radicals more time to organize, and to allow a chance to work with Congress, which meets early in December, to juggle for the State's injury.

The bill saddles us with a cumbrous set of Radical machinery for controlling the elections in Radical interest. It gives the Governor the appointment of the managers in each county, with the consent of the Senate, in his control. The result is to put the whole matter in his hands. He dare not even trust his magistrates already appointed, while the people are to be defrauded of having any impartial managers. The Governor can select his tools, and will select men in his interest. He learned in the last election the capacities of a good many.

Having appointed his partisan creatures, they are endowed by this outrageous bill with the most extraordinary and despotic powers—powers unconstitutional, arbitrary, unreasonable and alike inconsistent with law and liberty. They can arrest and confine anybody they please without warrant. Should any person observe them do the most flagrant dereliction, or call attention to any infamies in the election, they can hustle him to jail without a word, and stop any inconvenient notice of their wrong doing.

In order that they may perpetrate, unwitnessed, any rascality that may be desirable for the success of the party, all people, save one voting, are forbidden to approach nearer than fifteen steps. Thus are free elections to be cloaked and gagged.

The sacred right of challenge is absolutely prohibited. A thousand illegal voters can go and cast their votes, without the possibility of a protest or a challenge, though hundreds of men may know of their legal incompetency to vote. Thus is the way paved to pack the boxes by these autocratic and absolute monogenal despots.

Should these lords call on the Sheriff or his deputies, or the marshals to help them arrest men who see too much and protest against wrongs, and the sheriffs, etc., refuse, the despots can fine them a hundred dollars.

It would have been difficult for human ingenuity to have framed a viler bill—one containing more improper grants of authority, and more reckless violations of public right.

And when we add that this remarkable bill allows *one* manager to carry home with him the ballot box, it will be seen how coolly and premeditatedly this Bullock faction arrange for all contingencies. What majority can withstand such opportunities? And this rare measure comes from the Honorable Attorney General of the United States, framed to secure fair elections to the people of Georgia.

The system of continuing elections three days symply allows voters to tramp and exercise their functions in several counties. And with a set of Bullock managers to control every box, the right of challenge defunct, and the power to arrest indignant discoverers of election frauds done under their own noses, it will be seen how little likelihood there will be of thwarting the Governor under this most skillfully devised system of election management.

The bill superfluously sticks a penalty to such voters as may vote illegally, or such managers as may interfere with the boxes, but with everything in their own hands, and plenary powers of despotic authority to choke off observation and punish scrutiny, it may well be understood that the cases of discovered and punished fraud will be very considerably scarcer than those very scarce things—chickens' teeth.

We protest against this infamous bill. We are loth to believe it the handiwork of the Attorney General, and we should be glad to hear him disavow its paternity.

We said a few days back we were drifting fast to the conclusion that the people should demand the adjournment of this Legislature, as every hour of its session is fraught with danger to the rights, the prosperity and the liberties of Georgians. We must confess we have drifted to the conclusion. This crowning measure of wrong has shown us that we have nothing to expect of benefit of needed legislation that will counterbalance the peril we are in from dangerous plots against the welfare of the Commonwealth.

Legislative Proceedings.

By accident a page of the reports of the House proceedings was omitted in our published report, and consequently the passage of the following bills failed to be announced, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the Indian Springs Railroad Company.

A bill to incorporate the Chattooga Coal and Iron Railroad Company.

A bill to incorporate the Eatonton and Union Point Railroad Company.

A bill to incorporate the Dalton and Northeastern Alabama Railroad Company.

A bill to allow the Brunswick Railroad Company to build a bridge across Flint River near Albany.

A bill to alter and amend the act incorporating the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad Company.

A bill to incorporate the Atlanta and Savannah Railroad Company, and an act to amend the act to loan the credit of this State to the Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company.

On the latter bill there was considerable discussion, and a motion to indefinitely postpone prevailed by a vote of yeas 50—nays 49.

The Mitchell Heirs.

Editors Constitution: As there seems to be a doubt existing in the minds of some of the citizens of Atlanta in relation to the proper course to be pursued by the City Council of Atlanta, as to the disposition of the above claim, and as the public mind is somewhat excited at present on that subject, I would respectfully suggest that there is only one possible course that can prudently be pursued by said Council, and that is to let the legal tribunals settle this matter.

1. Because whatever title Mitchell may have had to this property, was deeded by him to the Macon and Western Railroad in fee simple with a covenant of warranty for and in consideration of the enhancement of the value of his lands adjoining, which consideration was perhaps the largest that any man ever received in Georgia for so small a piece of land—as the property today is worth millions of dollars—the chief inducement to the building up which was the putting of the Macon and Western Railroad Depot on said ground. And the Mitchell's having received the full benefit of said consideration, and sold all the adjoining lands, cannot possibly be injured by the using of said land for other than railroad purposes, an', therefor', have no equities therein.

2. Because Mitchell never had a title to said land which he, or his heirs, could enforce. And it is surprise to the property holders of Atlanta that the city authorities should barter away their rights under the guise of settling a pretended claim which has no foundation in law or equity.

3. Because it is a principle of law, settled by the Supreme Court of Georgia, and thereby put beyond controversy in the legal tribunals in this State, that the Mitchell heirs, even if their title was good, could only sue for damages; and, having sold all the adjoining lands, could not, therefore, possibly be damaged. Whereupon no recovery could be had against the city of Atlanta—39 Ga., Rep., 202—which leaves the city of Atlanta, who holds Mithell's deed as well as a quit claim title from the Macon and Western Railroad, the indisputable right to make such an appropriation of said land as shall be most conducive to the interests of said city.

4. Because said city is not now using, does not now propose to use, said land for any other than railroad purposes, and what right (if said condition could be enforced in law,) have the Mitchell heirs to complain when there is no threatened or actual violation of said condition. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

5 Because the City Council is not the proper tribunal for the adjudication of important legal questions, and should not be appealed to for such purposes, and such appeals are unwarrantable, and savor of being made with a view to accomplish before said Council what can not be accomplished before the legal tribunals of the country.

6. Because it is unprecedented as well as unjust for attorneys who occupy distinguished official positions to use that influence before a community in endeavoring to influence them from improper motives to do what the courts alone have the right to do. And an appeal made to mechanics upon the score of interest, that they will have the privilege of building up the vacant land, and an effort to array the "wool hat boys" against the "kid glove gentlemen" that would alone use said park is not the legitimate way of settling disputed rights, nor the christian way of harmonizing discordant elements, and ought to and does receive the condemnation of right minded men. If the Mitchell heirs are entitled to this land let the law give it to them and no one will have the right to complain. If they are not entitled to it let the courts so declare, and Atlanta will have her rights.

"Millions for defence but not one cent for tribute." And if Atlanta or the State of Georgia would save a "homestead out of the remnant of their fortunes it is time they were up and doing.

D. F. HAMMOND.

BERLIN, September 13.—The Provisional Government at Paris would have been accepted by the Prussian government if the exactions proposed by Prussia had been assented to. These embraced the cession of Alsace of Lorraine, and the dismantling of the French fortifications on the German frontier. The Provisional Government refused to listen to any proposition for the surrender of the French territory.

Georgia News.

All the men of Columbus favor a baby show.

Columbus has invested $5,000 in a skating rink.

Columbia county produces three ears of corn in one shuck.

The Democrats of Stewart county declare in favor of Nelson Tift for Congress.

A. M. Jackson, of Walton county, has pears weighing over one and a half pounds each.

Rev. R. W. Dixon, of Americus, is in feeble health and his eyesight is failing him.

Four million brick are made in Columbus annually, in addition to those carried in hats.

Fifteen hundred and seventy-nine bales of cotton have been received in Columbus this season.

Early county instructed her delegates to vote for Nelson Tift for both terms of Congress.

A mule was arrested in Savannah for having the glanders, and died while under arrest.

M. Dwinell, the live editor of the Rome Courier has returned returned from his eastern trip.

Dr. W. P. Mathews, of Talbot, has been nominated for the Senate from the 25th District.

Mr. James Redding, for 35 years a citizen of Troup county, died last week, aged 74 years.

The passenger train on the Georgia Road now leaves Augusta at ten minutes past nine o'clock, P. M.

The Thomaston Herald suggests Colonel J. S. Boynton, of Griffin, as a candidate for Congress in the 4th District.

The Democrats of Morgan county recommend Colonel Joel A. Billups as a candidate for Congress in the fifth district.

Until further notice the South Carolina Railroad will transport cotton to New York for $3 50 per bale and to Philadelphia for $4.

Mr. E. P. Edwards has been nominated as a candidate to represent Elbert county in the lower House of the next General Assembly of this State.

Nathaniel Hutchinson, one of the oldest citizens of Harris county, died at his residence in that county last week. He was nearly one hundred years of age.

At a citizens' meeting in Brunswick the City Council was requested to subscribe $10,000 to the erection of a steam cotton press. The Mayor has ordered an election to obtain the voice of the people.

"Uncle Jerry" Walker, aged about 65 years, died at his home in Early county on last Saturday. He was a good, clever, honest, hard-working man, and very much beliked by all who knew him.

The Thomasville Enterprise says a very large proportion of the colored voters of that county are desirous of co-operating with the whites in the selection of competent county officers.

The contract for building a stone jail in Elberton was let out on Tuesday, 6th instant, to Messrs. Young & Olds, of Atlanta, for $5.750. The jail is to be completed by the 6th of April, 1871.

The Gazelle Fire Engine and Hose Company have donated to the Augusta Fire Department $391 35, the proceeds of the sale of their Hose Carriage, and a claim of $350 against the City Council for money advanced.

The total value of real and personal estate in the city of Savannah amounts to $20,689,037, and the taxes on the same amounts to $336,266. The value of real estate is represented to be $12,482,350, whilst that of personal is expressed by $8,206,687.

The Town Council of Elberton has passed an ordinance making it a fine of ten dollars, or imprisonment for ten days, for those woo own stock within the corporate limits of Elberton, to let their horses, mules, hogs or goats run at large after night.

His Honor Mayor Allen has appointed the following gentlemen to represent Augusta in the Southern Commercial Convention, which assembles in Cincinnati, October, 4th instant; John U. Meyer, Wm. F. Herring, George A. Whitehead, John Samuel Bones.

The shingles for the new Blakely M. E. Church having been hauled and thrown out on the spot, and the men all being too busy doing nothing to "pile" them, some of the ladies put their shoulders to the wheel and did the job up all right, and now the shingles will not rot before they are wanted.

It is said that the planters in Southwestern Georgia will be able to lift at maturity every dollar of their paper in Macon, known as warehouse acceptances; that they had the cotton in the fields and in their gin houses to do it, and that it would be forwarded as fast as possible.

The Savannah Republican learns that Right Rev. John W. Beckwith, Episcopal bishop of Georgia, has determined to make Savannah his future and permanent home. The handsome and commodious residence of the late Francis Sorel, on Madison Square, has been engaged for the purpose, and the bishop, with his family, will take possession in a few weeks.

At a Democratic meeting in Macon last week a resolution was adopted, urging upon the approaching district conventions the propriety of nominating, as a candidate for Congress, one who labors under neither constitutional nor statnory disability; and that we deprecate the contrary policy which can only result in unprofitable agitation, and will again leave us without representation in Congress."

Last year, Colonel Joe Calhoun, of Coweta county, applied for a homestead, which application was resisted before the Ordinary by one of his creditors. The facts developed on the trial were, that Colonel Calhoun was a bachelor, had no white relatives or persons living with him, and had eight servants on his premises. The Ordinary held that these facts did not make Colonel Calhoun the head of a family in the sense of the law and constitution. The applicant appealed from this decision, and one day last week the case came before Judge Bigby, who affirmed the decision of the Ordinary. We understand the case will go to the Superior Court.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.—For some days past, Mr. T. E. Buehler, a prominent real estate agent of Augusta, has been in treaty with George W. Bennett, an employee of one of the Carolina railroads, for a piece of property which Bennett's wife desired to purchase. The amount of the first payment, $630, forwarded to Mrs. B. by her mother, from Newberry, South Carolina, for the purpose of paying the first installment. Mr. Bennett received the package from the Express office in that city on Friday, and the last heard of him, he was at the Union Depot a few minutes prior to the departure of the South Carolina Railroad train, which leaves at about 6, P. M.

Bennett hails from Bridgeport, Connecticut, as is supposed from an inspection of his private papers. His wife is left in a destitute condition, all her means, with aid from her parents, being used for the purchase of this property.

The Claim of the Mitchell Heirs.

Editors Constitution: I wish to occupy a little of your space in presenting a few thoughts on a subject that now agitates the popular mind. I refer to the subject of the proposed compromise between the city and the Mitchell heirs.

The deed from Samuel Mitchell to the Macon and Western Railroad for much the most valuable part of this property, gives it for a specific purpose. Its language is:

"To have and to hold said parcel of land for railroad purposes exclusively unto the said Macon and Western Railroad Company and their successors."

Now the city holds this property by deed from the Macon and Western Railroad as its successor, and consequently holds it for railroad purposes exclusively. Suppose the Mitchell heirs fail to recover possession of the property by their suit, what is the result? The city still holds it, but she holds it subject to the provisions of the deed, and can use it in no way, that violates the deed. And if the city attempts to do so, it is the undoubted right of the Mitchell heirs to enjoin them.

Let us illustrate. Our liberal representative in the Legislature, H. C. Holcombe, lately donated to the Oglethorpe University ten acres of land at the end of Washington street, for educational purposes. The Trustees have since bought other property in the city, and have failed to build up or occupy the land for the purposes of the college. Now suppose the Trustees should advertise the property for sale, in small lots for store-houses, dwellings, or other purposes not educational; what would our honorable representative say? Would he not have an undoubted right to claim that the property could be used for no such purpose by the trustees; because it is a violation of the contract and of good faith.

Or, to make the case exactly parallel, suppose the trustees should locate the college on half of it, would they have a right, in violation of the express terms of the deed, to appropriate the balance as a livery stable and stock lot, or to build it up for stores or liquor shops? Clearly not; and if they should attempt it, Mr. Holcombe would have the undoubted right to restrain them. Then why have not the Mitchell heirs the same right when their father gave the property for a specific purpose, and for that purpose *exclusively?*

What is the effect, then, of the refusal of the city to make the compromise? If she succeeds in the present law suit and holds possession, she hold it under the deed exactly as she would have done if no suit had been brought, and the heirs can hold her to the contract, that while she may hold it, she shall use it for railroad purposes *exclusively*, and for no other purpose. Then what? The property lies where it is, an eye-sore to the city, used for monkey shows and for goats and other animals to roam over, as has been the case for the last four years. The city gets nothing for the land, and neither the city, the county, nor the State get a dollar of tax for it. In other words, it does neither party any good.

No one can deny that Samuel Mitchell had the right to give his property with any legal condition annexed which he might choose to attach. And if the Railroad accepted it, subject to these conditions, they and their successors are bound in law, good morals, and good faith, to carry out the contract on their part. If they fail to do it, common sense, as well as law, says the property reverts to the grantor or his heirs, and in common honesty they ought to have it.

Now, suppose the City Fathers act like sensible men and compromise with the heirs and divide the property, and each party agrees that the other improve it, and it is put on the market and built up, what is the result? Some of the finest buildings in the city will rise there which will be an ornament. The city will realize over fifty thousand dollars by the sale of her part, which will build the school houses necessary to put our public school system into immediate operation, without an increase of the city debt of $50,000. This will save the people annually $3 500 of interest which they will otherwise have to pay on that much increase of the public debt, and the annual tax on the property if applied to that purpose, will pay the teachers and support the schools, and aid the Female and Oglethorpe College into the bargain.

If the State will also make a fair compromise with the heirs for the part she claims, on the other side of the depot, now enclosed as a park, but never used as such, and let it also be built up, the city tax on it all, which does not now pay a dollar, will, in a few years, be probably $25,000 per annum, which would support the public schools, and make up all deficiency in the two colleges of the city.

Besides this, it will afford profitable employment, and the means of support to hundreds of mechanics and laboring men, in building it up. And the State and the county will each receive a large income from the State and county tax annually.

What say the people of Atlanta and of the county and State? Shall the compromise be made, and the obstacles in the way of the improvement of the property be removed, or shall stubbornness, and the mistaken narrow view of a few property holders in other parts of the city, who fear their rents would be decreased by the building up of this property, and making more store-rooms, prevail? Shall the whole people of the State, the county and the city have the benefit of thousands of dollars tax annually by the improvement of the property, or shall a few gentlemen of Atlanta enjoy the luxury of looking out from their window upon a naked, barren park, and a naked, unenclosed piece of ground, which does no living mortal any good.

If the Mayor and Council refuse to encourage this great work, and put themselves blindly in the way of a just settlement, and prefer a barren waste to splendid new blocks of buildings, they will deserve and receive the stern rebuke of the people at the ballot-box and elsewhere. A fair compromise of a doubtful right is always a fair mode of settlement.

A VOTER.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—Motley telegraphs to the State Department that Prussia does not intend to confine negotiations to the Emperor or Regency, but objects to negotiations with the present government, as it is incapable of furnishing absolute guarantees.

Bismarck and Favre have had a conference but the result has not transpired.

Tehauntepec surveying expedition sails in about two weeks.

The State Bank of Louisiana is converted into a National Bank. Capital $600,000.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 19.—The Telegram's special says there was a two hour's fight to-day, ten miles from Paris. The French were beaten, but inflicted much damage.

Favre's circular is generally approved.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, September 19.—The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the United States is now in session. There are 34 Grand Lodges and 23 Encampments represented.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, September 19.—In the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad vs. Internal Revenue Collector, Judge Strong decided that dividends and interests paid by railroads on and after January 1, 1870, are not liable to Internal Revenue tax. A number of cases were involved in the decision.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, September 19.—The police arrested to-day Henry Burton in the act of pouring metal into counterfeit five and three cent nickel dies. A large quantity of counterfeit five cent pieces was found in the building.

Several influential colored citizens visited Governor Walker this morning, to ask that colored men be admitted to the jury box. The Governor informed them that the Legislature had not altered the old Code so as to admit of it and advised them to appeal to the Legislature which meets next month.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, September 19.—Deaths by yellow fever for the week ending at 6 o'clock, P. M., on the 18th, fifty-two; of these twenty-eight were from Italy; nine from France; three from the United States, and the remainder from other countries. The highest number interred in one day, ten; lowest, three. Deaths from other fevers, twenty-one. Total intermepts for the week, one hundred and seventy-one. The yellow fever has not been declared epidemic.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 19.—The Red Republicans continue to placard the walls denouncing the new government.

Trouble is apprehended, and the citizens say they prefer Prussian rule to communism.

The railway to Calias was cut at Conflas.

Many Prussian scouts have arrived under the walls of Paris.

The Swiss, American and Belgian ambassadors decline to quit Paris.

Though certain that Jules Favre has gone to Prussian headquarters, there is no basis for negotiations arranged.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 19.—The Prussian government transferred 40,000,000 rubles lately deposited in the Bank of France, to England.

Varioleid is raging among the French prisoners at Magdeburg.

General Failly is not dead.

Failly and staff occupy finely furnished appointments at Mayence.

Prussia provides sumptuously for them.

The captured French officers are allowed choice of towers as residences, and receive the same pay and rations as at home.

Countess Comley had a long interview with the Emperor in behalf of the Empress.

The Post says a balloon with 5,000 letters from Metz has been captured.

Bazaine writes that the army is supplied with everything.

The French were victorious in every fight up to 31st.

On Friday Granville made certain suggestions to Theirs which Theirs might submit, if he saw fit, to the provisional government. From these suggestions Favre's interview with Bismarck. There is reason to believe that peaceful results will follow this interview.

Papal negotiations for a compromise before the Italian occupation of Rome, failed.

China advices are more unfavorable to peace.

Governor Nankin was assassinated on account of sympathy for foreigners.

Prussia distinctly does not recognize the French government, either Imperial or Recan. She is reluctant to make peace at present.

The correspondent of the Daily News says that Bismarck is determined to starve out Paris unless Metz and Strasbourg surrender.

The Germans laugh at Bazaine's hopes of escape from Metz.

Rome still unoccupied though closely invested.

The Italian Chambers will soon be convened to hear the result of the plebiscitum in Papal territory.

Only a handful of troops escaped from Metz.

The siege of Toul is vigorously proceeding. The military think they cannot hold out long.

Favre set out for Meaux under a safeguard from Prussian headquarters. His official reception is still doubtful.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 19.—Olozaga breakfasted with Prim and Serano. His prompt recognition of the French Republic is explained and fully justified by the production of a dispatch from Sagersta recommending recognition.

Olozaga's recognition of the French Republic is officially approved by Spain.

A republican manifestation in favor of France has been made at Toledo.

The raising of the blockade of the Baltic and North sea has been officially announced.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 19—The North German Gazette says the republic exists de facto.

While Napoleon was at Namur, Belgium, he eulogized the discipline and courage of the Prussian soldiers, and said nothing could keep them out of Paris.

No blockaders seen in the Baltic for a week.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, September 19.—Troops are entering Vetralla, and received with great enthusiasm.

General Bixis is marching on Rome.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 19.—A cable dispatch to the Herald, dated Paris 19th, says it is reported that 4,000 Uhlans yesterday occupied Versailles.

The postal service has been suspended, and service by messengers will be organized.

Several Prussian scouts were killed yesterday by the Gardes Mobiles in the vicinity of Paris.

A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from Paris, says General Vinay led 30,000 troops in like last night to Vincennes to dispute the passage at Marne of the enemy.

The enemy was not in great force. Their troops are massed near the Seine, ready to cross at any moment. Crossing the Seine at Villenour and St. Georges they will pass in the vicinity of Longumeau, to the rear of Versailles. Established there they will push forward by the woods of Mendon to plant their batteries on the heights of Clamart, and, if the city is bombarded, will open fire upon the vanguard from this point. They can greatly damage the city as far as the Boulevards de Enfer, and Mont Parnasse.

The Northern army is marching on St. Denis.

An announcement was made that a socialist meeting would be held, at which Victor Hugo Ledru Rollin, Louis Blanc and Pyatt would be present to protest against the moderation of the government. Meeting probably suppressed. It has not taken place.

The Reds have been struggling hard for supremacy since morning.

The enemy has made some progress towards Versailles.

There is fighting at Juvisy.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 19.—The city is quiet, even to dullness. The Boulevards are crowded with soldiers. There are no symptoms of a disturbance visible.

Prussia explains that she will be fully prepare to treat for peace when France presents a government sufficiently stable to enforce the treaty.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 19.—The Shipping Gazette anticipates that there will be too much cotton and too little corn from the Southern States. Cotton prices are low, and much activity in Lancashire.

Canadian writers to the Birmingham Gazette says that the present liberal government will drive Canada to annexation to the United States, or independence of Great Britain.

The village of Bazeilles, near Sedan, was destroyed by the Prussians, because some of their wounded fugitives from the German army were massacred in its streets.

The Globe comments severely on the supineness of the Parisians in permitting the Prussians to repair roads and replace bridges on the line of their advance without interruption.

Journals have no telegraphic news today from Paris. Mail advices indicate that besieged and besiegers at Metz suffer greatly from disease and casualities.

CUBA.

HAVANA, September 19.—The Panama and West India cable opened to the public to Jamaica this morning.

Tariff: From the United State to Cuba $2 50, to Jamaica $5 for ten words; every additional word to Cuba 25 cents, to Jamaica 50 cents.

Benbeta is reported to have surrendered the children of all slaves captured since 1854, after fifteen years apprenticeship, freed by order of DeRodas.

GERMANY.

BREMEN, September 19.—The North German Lloyds line of steamers will commence running regularly again between Bremen and the United States ports on 1st of October.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 19.—Gold 13¾@14. Money active at 5@6. Sterling 9½@9¾. Governments steady; 62's 12¾, southern's very dull, with unimportant fluctuations.

Cotton irregular; sales 1200 bales; uplands 19. Flour State and Western 5@10 better; superfine 4 40a5 10; Southern firm; common to fair extra 5 20a6 15. Wheat winter red and amber western 1 36a1 37½; Southern 1 27. Corn 86a88½. Pork heavy at 25 60. Lard steady. Whisky 88½@89. Groceries firm. Rosin dull. Tallow heavy. Freights firm.

LATER.—Gold opened quiet, and very dull during afternoon, closed steady; 62's 12¾; 1864's 11¾; 1865's 12; new 10½; 1867's 10; 68's 10½; 40s 5¾. Tennessee 61¾; new 60. Louisianas 71; new 62; Levees 74; 8s 86; Alabamas 100; 5's 68; Georgias 83; 7's 90; North Carolinas 53¾; new 29¼; South Carolinas 80; new 68¼.

BALTIMORE, September 19.—Flour steady. Wheat active; western better. Provisions quiet. Whisky 91.

Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 19¼; net receipts coastwise 410; exports 50; stock 1469.

NEW ORLEANS, September 19.—Cotton sales 500 bales; net receipts 2373; coastwise 22; total 2,295; stock 15,965; middlings 17¾a18, and market quiet and firm.

Flour active; superfine 5 00; double 5 10; treble 6 50@7 00. Corn easier; mixed 90; white 90. Oats quiet; 88. Louis 35; Galens 60. Bran 100. Hay, prime 26 00; choice 30 00. Pork dull; mess 27 75. Bacon quiet; jobbing, 15¼@18@19¾; sugar-cured hams 22. Lard, tierce 17¾@17¾; kegs 20½. Sugar, prime 13. Molasses, plantation 25@35. Whisky 90@1 02. Coffee, prime 17¾@17¾.

Sterling 35¼. Sight ½ premium. Gold 13¼.

LOUISVILLE, September 19.—Bagging active at 29a30. Flour firm; extra family 5 25. Corn dull at 90. Provisions firm. Pork 26 00. Shoulders 14½; clear sides 18; tierce lard 16; kegs 18. Whisky 18.

CINCINNATI, September 19.—Flour firmer; family 5 40@5 60. Corn higher. Whisky 86@87. Pork to get 26 00. Lard 15.

ST. LOUIS, September 19.—Flour steady; superfine winter 4 00a4 15. Corn dull and unchanged. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon firm; shoulders 14; clear sides 17¾a18. Lard dull and unchanged.

NORFOLK, September 19.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17¾a17¾; net receipts 710; sales 40; exports coastwise 145; stock 975.

SAVANNAH, September 19.—Cotton sales 700 bales; net receipts 2348; stock 6421; middling 17¼; market active.

AUGUSTA, September 19.—Cotton weak; middlings 16¼@16¾; sales 575; receipts 535.

MOBILE, September 19.—Cotton sales 250 bales; net receipts 729; exports coastwise 470; stock 10,326; middlings 16¾; stock 10,326.

BOSTON, September 19.—Cotton sales 100 bales; receipts 74; stock 445; middlings 20; market dull.

GALVESTON, September 19.—Cotton sales 50 bales; receipts 254; stock 4,805; good ordinary 14½; market dull.

CHARLESTON, September 19.—Cotton sales 250 bales; net receipts 1512; stock 2053; middlings 16¾; cotton easier.

LIVERPOOL, September 19—Evening—Cotton firmer; uplands 9⅝; Orleans 9⅝; sales 10,000; speculation and export 1,000. Breadstuffs quiet.

LONDON, September 19.—Evening—Consols 92½. Bonds 90¼.

FRANKFORT, September 19.—United States Securities firm. 62's 94.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ OBITUARY NOTICES.—ALL Obituary Notices will be charged at the rate of TWO CENTS A WORD. Cash must accompany the notices. aug24 dtf

WANTED—A GOOD BAKER AND CANDY MAKER. Good wages paid.

Apply to F. M. JACK.

sep15-c6t

☞ THE REASON WHY TICKETS sell so rapidly in H. K. HICKS & CO.'S GRAND RAFFLE AND SALE, is because the people are satisfied that it is no humbug, and that the property is just what it is represented to be.

Every man, woman and child in the whole country ought to secure a TICKET AT ONCE, for this great opportunity to secure a little fortune FOR ONE DOLLAR will soon close. We feel confident, with a little energy, all the tickets will be sold by the time specified.

"Do not trifle with the fickle goddess. But secure her favors while you may."

Remember, your money is deposited, and will be returned if the Raffle does not come off.

The Drawing will take place under the Supervision of six sworn Commissioners.

Send in your orders, at once, to

H. K. HICKS & CO.,

sep11 dlm Calhoun, Ga.

ELECTION NOTICES.

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—I HEREBY announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Receiver of Tax Returns of Fulton county. The manner in which I have discharged the duties of the office in the past will be my pledge for the future. Being now far advanced in age, and having no other means of support for myself and family, I solicit the suffrage of my fellow-citizens without distinction of party.

sep18-dtf SAMUEL GRUBB.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE SIDNEY DELL as a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives, subject to nomination by the Democratic party of Fulton county on first Tuesday in October next. sep18-dtf

We announce the name of GEORGE HILLYER as a candidate for the nomination by the Democratic party to the State Senate from this, the 35th District, embracing the counties of Fulton, Cobb and Clayton.

September 12, 1870—dtil-1st-tuesday-in-oct

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE the name of Dr. C. L. REDWINE as a candidate for Senator from the 35th Senatorial District, embracing the Counties of Cobb, Fulton and Clayton subject to the Democratic nomination.

sep16-dtf

New Advertisements.

VALUABLE PLANTATION

—AT—

EXECUTORS' SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the last will and testament of Lewis Redwine, deceased, will be sold on the first Tuesday in November next, before the Court-house door, in Newnan, Georgia, during the usual hours of sale, the beautiful RESIDENCE and FARM of Lewis Redwine, deceased, situated on the Newnan and Campbellton Road, six miles north of Newnan, and one mile from Powell's Station on the Atlanta and West Point Railroad. This Farm contains 1,130 acres, near one-half of which is cleared. There is about 200 acres of bottom land, most of which is well ditched and in a high state of cultivation. The Farm, as a whole, is known to be one of the best improved and most productive in Middle Georgia. The Dwelling is beautifully situated and contains twelve or fourteen rooms, with all necessary out buildings, is accessible to one of the best springs in the county, besides having a well of fine water in the yard. Among the other improvements is a good Gin House and Cotton Press, an excellent two-story Barn, five Stable room, several large and well arranged Corn cribs, a fine Orchard, etc. Every lot of land is well watered. Much of the uncleared land is the richest land of the Farm, and all well timbered. The place is among the healthiest in the county, is near a Wheat, Corn and Saw Mill, convenient to a beautiful church and in a fine neighborhood, where a good school can be had. Will be sold in a body, or be divided as may be determined upon on day of sale.

Terms—Half cash and bal nce in twelve months, with interest.

For further information call on J. M. Redwine, Newnan, Ga., or C. L. Redwine, Atlanta, Ga.

J. M. REDWINE, } Executors.
C. L. REDWINE, }

sep20 d'lnov1

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

C. C. HAMMOCH, Auctioneer.

WILL be sold before the Court-house door, in the city of Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in November next all the Real Estate of Benjamin O. Jones, deceased, consisting of

Eighteen Unimproved Lots,

In the city of Atlanta, Georgia, being a part of land lot No 83, and known as a part of the farmer places of Jones' Hill, being on the west side of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and adjoining the residence of John A. Richardson, Guerin, Wood and others, and near the Third Baptist Church. Sold by order of the Chancellor for the payment of debts and distribution.

Terms of sale—One third cash; one third in six months, and the remainder in twelve months, with interest from sale.

A plat of the lots to be seen at the office of Bell & Hammock, Real Estate Agents, Whitehall street.

JOHN A. RICHARDSON, Executor,
Of Benjamin O Jones, deceased.

September 20, 1870—dtds

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

W. C. PETERS' ESTATE.

I WILL sell on the first Tuesday in October, at the City Hall, as previously advertised, the RESIDENCE LOT, on Pryor Street, of the late Wm. G. Peters.

The lot fronts 109 feet on the west side of Pryor, and runs back, same width, 185 feet.

The dwelling house on said lot is two stories high, has six rooms, with kitchen and servants' room, back piazza, water, and an orchard of fruit trees. It is very convenient and central, and every way a first class residence lot. At the same time will be sold a lot adjoining the above (now the flower yard), fronting 109 feet on Pryor and running back along Mitchell street 95 feet, to an alley.

Also, Three Suburban Wood Lots, as per plat on Land Lot No. 108, one mile south of West End Depot, and in full view of the Macon and Western Railroad.

No. 1 of these Lots is decidedly the handsomest Residence Lot in the county, and contains 31 acres. Its topography, shade trees, beautiful clear brook, garden, and orchard, pine and woodland are unsurpassed. Nos 2 and 3, north of No. 1, have splendid building sites, watered by a clear spring branch, and covered with fine oak timber. All these lots have a fine view of the railroad and city, and are especially attractive.

TERMS CASH.

sep20-d1t G. W. ADAIR, Administrator.

FOUND,

A PISTOL, which the owner can have by calling on Colonel L. P. Thomas, and satisfactorily describing it, and paying for this advertisement.

BILL-HEADS, LABELS, LETTER-HEADS, &c., and in fact every variety of Memorandum Printing done at THE CONSTITUTION Office with dispatch.

CLEGHORN, HERRING & CO.,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

Charleston, South Carolina, and Philadelphia, Penn.,

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON from Planters and Merchants and propose to sell such as may be sent to their

Augusta House at One Dollar per Bale Commission.

Are prepared to Forward and Make Advances on Consignments to their Charleston and Philadelphia Houses; also, to ROBERT LOCKHART & DEMPSTER, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND, General Agents for the sale of

Wh

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Ga., September 20, 1870.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants—Claghorn, Herring & Co.

Valuable Plantation at Executors Sale—C L Redwine.

Large Sale of fine Furniture—Bell & Hammock.

Executors Sale of B O Jones' Property—J A Richardson.

Administrator's Sale, W G Peters' Estate—G W Adair.

Administrator's Sale—M C Summerlin.

CAPTAIN B. H. TRUE, of Madison, was in the city yesterday.

JUDGE WILLIAM GIBSON, of Augusta, was was in the city yesterday, pirouetting around the General Assembly.

FULTON Superior Court was in session yesterday, Hon. O. A. Lochrane, Judge. But little was done beside organizing juries and forfeiting bonds.

THE ladies of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church contemplate another excursion to Stone Mountain on next full moon. The last was a decided success,

MASONIC.—There will be a regular communication of Georgia Lodge, No. 96 this evening at 8 o'clock, at the Lodge rooms on Whitehall street, over Ryan's Store. Business of importance.

IN what respect are the members of the Georgia Legislature unlike the chariot coursers of the ancients?

Because they do not exhibit a vigor and fire, in proportion to the *length* of *time*, they have been kept in the training.

REV. J. T. LEFTWICH, Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, after an absence of some six weeks, has returned to the city in fine health, and on Sunday preached from his pulpit one of those deep, earnest, eloquent sermons for which he is noted.

ATLANTA was honored on Saturday with a visit from J. Addison Christian, the veteran Chief of Police of Augusta. He is a superior officer, and has been filling the position of Chief Marshal of that city for the last half a century, more or less, and bids fair to be for another half a century.

THE Oglethorpe Park Association was organized last night by the election of Hon. O. A. Lochrane, President; J J. Williams, Vice-President; H. T. McDowell, Superintendent; E. Mercer, Marshal. The board of managers consists of the President, Mr. T. B. Archer, O. H. Jones, W. D. Cook, George Sharpe, Jr. They contemplate giving a race on Saturday next.

FROM a note from W. E. Dale, D. M. W. P. Sons of Temperence, of Georgia, we learn that he will organize a Grand Division of that order at Savannah on the 28th instant. He requests us to urge that divisions at Ringgold, and adjacent thereto, Athens, Colquarchee and other places, address notes, giving full information concerning their divisions, to W. E Dale, care local CONSTITUTION office, by the 25th instant.

ON the first Tuesday in November next, the executors of Lewis Redwine, deceased, of Coweta county, will offer for sale at public outcry in Newnan, the beautiful residence and fine farm of the deceased, containing over eleven hundred acres, and considered one of the best improved and most productive farms in middle Georgia. It is a valuable place, and parties wishing to make a paying investment will do well to attend the sale.

CLAGHORN, HERRING & CO.—Our readers will not fail to see the advertisement of Messrs. Claghorn, Herring & Co., in another column. They cannot help seeing it. This firm has houses in Augusta, Charleston and Philadelphia, giving them extraordinary facilities in the sale and purchase of goods. Cotton consigned to them is forwarded expeditiously. Our friend, William F. Herring, so well and favorably known in this section, is a member of the firm. They are general agents for the sale of Wham's Rawbone Super Phosphate of Lime, a fertilizer of established merit, being a permanent improver of the soil. We commend the house of Claghorn, Herring & Co., to our readers as a good substantial house, and one worthy of their patronage.

CARL AND GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS.—This veteran minstrel troupe will make their first appearance this season at DeGive's Opera House to night. They certainly rank at the head of the profession. Among the novelties of the troupe are the four end men, Gaylord, Talbot, Silbe and McVeigh, all on the stage at the same time. The programme for the evening is varied and interesting, embracing that which is "rich, rare and racy," from Colonel Acton's favorite song, "Put me in my little bed," to the beautiful ballad with invisible chorus, by Signor Eldean. Delive's will be literally jammed from pit to dome, the reputation of this troupe is so well known that nothing else is requisite but to announce that they are going to perform, to fill the house at the time appointed. Go to-night—"laugh and grow fat," and "drive dull care away."

Mr. Local: Knowing you to be a true Democrat, I feel it my duty to announce to you the bright prospects of victory in Blacks' Hall and Stone districts of your county, in co-operation with the ninth of Fayette. Our boys are ripe for the nine dollars a day, or its equivalent on the State road. Their pockets heave with patriotism for the State road and the nine dollars. Never were a people so determined, and never cause so glorious! Victory is certain! There are few in either district capable of writing a plain note of hand, who are not volunteers for the race. Each "having been strongly solicited by his friends." Near twenty-five of the above named individuals are well curried, toeing the mark, champing their bits, pawing the ground, impatiently waiting and listening for the word "go." What stronger evidence of success do you want? Our Southern cause was lost for want of men in the field, which our Legislature saw when it settled nine dollars a day on its members and gave Mr. Bullock and others the State Road funds. All our Democrats now see it, and feel it, and from stern necessity will ever in future go for the nine dollars a day, and a sweet ride on the State Road. UTAH HILL.

A WONDERFUL CURE.—Mr. W. H. Blanton, of Harris county, Georgia, writes under date of the 16th instant, to Messrs. Pemberton, Taylor & Co. of this city, detailing the wonderful cure of his daughter by the Compound Extract of Stillingia, prepared by this firm. He writes:

"My daughter was taken on the 25th of June, 1861, with what was supposed to be acute rheumatism, and she was treated for the same with no success. In March following, pieces of bone began coming out of the right arm, and continued to come out until all the bones from the elbow to the shoulder joint came out. Many pieces of bone came out of the right foot and leg. The case was then pronounced one of white swelling. After being confined to her bed about four years, and the case considered hopeless, I was induced to try your Compound Extract Stillingia, and was so satisfied with its effects that I have continued the use of it until the present. My daughter was confined to her bed about six years before she sat up or even turned over without help. She now sits up all day and sews most of the time; has stood on her feet alone and walked a few steps. She has walked across the room with a little support. Her general health is now good, and I believe she will, as soon as her limbs gain strength, walk well. I attribute her recovery, with the blessing of God, to the use of your invaluable medicine."

These facts are corroborated by Hon. H. D. Williams, of Talbot, and Messrs. Crawford & Walker, at West Point.

CHARITY HOSPITAL AND SOUP HOUSE. The following is the scheme of organization and management of this institution to be established by the Atlanta Relief and Hospital Society:

HOSPITAL.

The beneficiaries of this department will be the homeless sick of Atlanta, such invalid persons as have no fit shelter and are destitute of the means of procuring food, necessary attention, and medical treatment, during their illness.

A ticket of admission from any member of the Ward committees will be sufficient to insure reception of the patient and payment of the expense of bringing him

A competent physician will attend daily, who will have control of the Hospital as to diet, treatment and discharge of patients. He will keep a full and correct record of all admissions, the name and age of the patient, the date of admission, the method of treatment, and the time of discharge or death; and he will make a monthly report of the same to the Executive Committee.

A faithful nurse acting under the advice and direction of the physician will be in attendance whenever needed, both day and night.

In providing a daily meal for certain indigent persons not inmates of the hospital, soup will be adopted as a most nutritious and economical form of preparing the food.

The provision for each person will be limited to two plate-fulls (say one quart) per day.

Only actual residents of Atlanta on the first of September, 1870, will be entitled to share in these repasts. This restriction is imposed to order that no encouragement be afforded to an influx of the indigent from other places. Nor, as a general rule, will any person be entitled who is able to work. This restriction is imposed to avoid giving encouragement to vagrancy and idleness. In extreme cases, however, to be judged of by the Ward Committees, the able bodied poor who have no subsistence for the time being, may partake for three days, but no longer.

The recipients will be selected in each ward by a ward committee composed of four ladies and one gentleman. The ladies will be designated by the Executive Committee. The gentleman will be a member of the City Council, residing in the ward. In case he shall be unable or unwilling to serve, it will be his privilege to appoint some one in his place. If he declines to do that, the Executive Committee will make the appointment.

The ward committees will be charged with the duty of finding out, in their respective wards, the proper objects of this charity; and it will be incumbent upon them to canvass the wards thoroughly, from time to time, having in view as the end of their labors the discovery of every individual entitled to relief. If persons apply to them claiming to have been overlooked, they will promptly investigate each case, and yield to the application or reject it as the facts may warrant.

These committees will be supplied by the Executive Committee with free tickets, (each ticket good for one plate of soup), which they will distribute to the individuals or families found fit and worthy, under the foregoing limitations; not exceeding two tickets per day will be allowed to one beneficiary, and not exceeding five days' allowance at this rate, will be distributed to an beneficiary at one time.

The Executive Committee will provide other and different tickets (each entitling the holder to one plate of soup) to be sold to the public and given away by the purchasers to objects of their own selection. The price of these pay tickets will be ten cents apiece, and the proceeds will go to augment the funds of the Society.

As a general rule, it is contemplated that the food will be consumed at the common table, but tickets sent in with vessels to receive the soup, will be honored; and in cases where the beneficiary is too feeble to go in person, and has no means of sending, the proper Ward Committee will see that prompt delivery is made at the Society's expense.

For

HOSPITAL WARDS,

there will be, if practicable, two rooms, each fifteen by thirty feet, affording accomodations for twenty patients. For laundry, office, and kitchens, there will be two rooms, each fifteen by twenty feet; and for serving and dispensing food, one room thirty by twenty feet. The same house is divided to suit the stage, or if need be enlarged by cheap additions, will suffice for all those purposes; and both convenience and economy may be promoted by thus bringing both departments of the Society's business under one roof.

The location adopted will be as central and accessible as circumstances will allow.

Local and Business Notices.

Equine Powders, Liniment and Ointment.

Equine Remedies the best extant.

Save your horses by Equine Remedies.

Save your Cattle by Equine Remedies.

Equine Remedies never fail. d1w

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO. have just opened the largest and most complete stock of Dry Goods, embracing every variety from the finest velvet cloak to a tiny bib for the baby. Dress Silks, Merinos, Alpaca, Plaids and Plain Dress Goods, Blankets, Shawls and Flannels for the multitude. The carpet department is full of the most beautiful patterns of Wilton, Moquette, Velvet, American, French, English, Tapestry and Body Brussels, 3-ply Ingrain, 3-ply Wool, Dutch, Printed Linen and Hemp Carpets. Oil Cloths of every pattern and width. Window Shades and Curtain Goods generally. We invite the special attention of Upholsters to our stock. Plush of every color, and Hair Cloth of all width. Please call and examine and we will satisfy you that the goods are c[illegible]

sep15-d3t.

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is within two blocks of the Young Men's Christian Association rooms. d1w

ANOTHER MYSTERY SOLVED.—Chemists being unable to discover the ingredients in fragrant SOZODONT, which removes all stains from the teeth and imparts such a peculiar rosiness to the gums, the public are hereby informed that it is a preparation from the bark of the QUILLAYA SAPONARIA or Soap Tree of Chili, imported for the first time into this country for this special purpose. Such is the purifying and innocuous effect of this rare botanical agent, that it removes discolorations from the most fragile textile fabrics, without injuring a single thread.

Save and mend the pieces; use "SPALDING'S GLUE." d1w

NOT TO BE DETECTED.—The hues imparted to gray heads by PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, are as vivid as those of nature, and the change is not effected by a disregard of cleanliness, as is the case with the other hair coloring preparations, the VITALIA being eminently clean. No sediment. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

sep20-deod1w

MRS. GATES AND MRS. JAMES.—Mrs. Gates—Good morning, Mrs. James. How well you are looking; far better than when I saw you last.

Mrs. James—Oh, yes; I am much better than I have been for a long time, and I am now on my way for more of my favorite medicine—PLANTATION BITTERS. One bottle of it is worth all the doctors in the world. No more doctors for me.

Mrs. Gates—Nearly every one speaks well of PLANTATION BITTERS, and I have a mind to try it myself. The fact is, I have no appetite, strength or energy for anything. Mary and Lizzie are in the same way, and lounge about the house all day long, good for nothing.

Mrs. James—My word for it, Mrs. Gates, just let them try PLANTATION BITTERS moderately three times a day, and you will see a wonderful improvement.

SEA MOSS FARINE from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Custards, Creams, etc., etc. The cheapest, healthiest and most delicious food in the world.

sep20-deod1w&wlt

TRUST WHAT TIME HAS SANCTIONED. The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may, in some cases, be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses, extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worthy of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations, intended to compete with it, have gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile, the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagle's flight. Its introduction produced a revolution in therapeutics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To-day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a larger sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, billious disorders, nervous affections, general debility, and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers, who endeavor to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers." sep20-deod1w&wlt

PEASE AND HIS WIFE.—Fresh Norfolk Oysters. The Golden Fries have come again.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE.—First Oysters of the *Season*. The good time has come, boys, and there's life in the old land yet. 1t

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS are a most delightful-tasting cordial, possessing powerful tonic and invigorating properties, and act directly upon the cells which manufacture the gastric juice and also through the stomach, upon the liver and the bowels. They rouse the stomach and make it do its whole duty. If there is nausea, it soon subsides; if there is heartburn, it vanishes. If the bowels are constipated, relief is immediately afforded; if there is sick headache, the primary cause in the stomach being removed, it quickly passes away. Females will find these Bitters a delightful tonic, bracing and invigorating the system. sep20-deod1w&wlt

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.—Parties with $12,000 to $15,000 cash, can obtain an interest in an ESTABLISHED business in Atlanta that pay's from ONE to THREE HUNDRED per cent. at wholesale prices.

Address S. J. S., Drawer 39.

sep 18-sun&wed3w.

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

GO to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-d1y

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Cheap Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

IF you want Rosadalis, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-d1f

GO to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-d1y

HO! FOR THE MACON FAIR.—All the railroads leading into Macon will take visitors to the Fair, and animals or articles for exhibition, at half usual rates. Full rates going—returning free. All articles should be addressed and bills of lading sent to

T. L. MASSENBURG,

Sec'ty Central Georgia Fair, Macon.

sep-17d3t

J. C. HOLBROOK, opposite the National Hotel, is now receiving his fall and winter stock of Hats of all the latest styles. J. C. H. can excel everybody in the way of fashionable hats. If you want to visit a first-class hat-store, go to J. C. H., opposite the National Hotel. He is a live man, and one of the oldest hatters in the city. J. C. H. keeps the latest styles and best grades of Silk Hats. sep17-d2t

WANTED.—Two first-class Bootmakers and one Fitter. Steady employment and tip-top wages. Apply to

sep16-d4t C. HUGHES & SON.

ON and after Tuesday next, free dances will be given on Tuesday and Friday nights at the King House, at Stone Mountain. july9-d1f

THE extra fine stock of Diamond and Gold Jewelry we are opening is the largest ever opened in Atlanta, and the VERY LATEST STYLES purchased direct from manufactures and at the very lowest possible prices. Having unlimited facilities, we are prepared to sell as LOW as any RESPECTABLE dealer anywhere. All we ask is a trial, to satisfy the most skeptical that what we say is so. Our stock of Silver is unsurpassed anywhere, and we have Silver superior to any house in Upper Georgia. Call and see it and satisfy yourselves. In addition to our present extensive stock of watches of the best quality, we expect to add largely within the next three weeks.

sep18-d1f. LAWSHE & HAYNES.

WORTHY OF THE CITY.—The stock of Carpets, Curtains, Rugs, Mats, which has just been received by Messrs. S. S. Kendrick & Son, is in every way worthy of Atlanta. Their Brussels and Three-plies and Ingrains, as well as the lower grades of carpets are carefully selected and are much lower than ever before.

sep18-d1f.

"It's mity curis," said Mrs. Partington to Ike, while reading about the impending war in Europe, "that the Hollerhorn creates sich an ado in Turrup, when it's sich a common disease among the cattle in Amerikey." The old lady having delivered herself of the above, took a dose of Lippman's Great German Bitters and felt her depressed spirits and resumed her knitting.

Lippman's Bitters are for sale by all druggists and dealers. For sale by H. F. Wyly, A. J. West & Co., Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

aug24-d6wtf

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—George Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. The largest house in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentlemen, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.

GEORGE COOK & CO.,
Marietta street.

aug24-d1y

HAVE you a Cough? Have you Bronchitis? Have you Asthma? Have you Spitting of Blood? Have You Night Sweats? Have you Consumption? Have you any disease of the throat or lungs?

For the cure of any of these complaints, use Globe Flower Cough Syrup. It has made some of the most wonderful cures recorded in Medical Science, even when the patients were considered in the last stages of consumption. *Nil desperandum.*

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.

sept3-tf

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-d1y

PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.—Parties in want of any of the popular patent medicines of the day, will find it to their interest to call on Bradfield & Co., Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., next door to Colonel Mark W. Johnsons's. july10-d1f

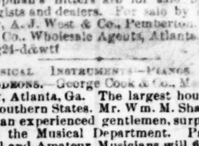
IF you want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store on Broad street. july10-d1y

THE AMERICAN NEEDLE COTTON GIN,

WITH THE

EAGLE COTTON PRESS

HAS NO EQUAL.



AS General Agent for the State of Georgia for the above, I beg to call the attention of farmers to them.

THE NEEDLE COTTON GIN

Was placed before the public last season as an original and entirely new machine. It had, as all new machines have, some defects, the chief one being in the seeds lacking strength. This weakness is entirely removed, and I offer to the public for the present season, in the Needle Gin, one that combines with its superiority in all other records, durability.

Gins so'd last season will be supplied with entire outfit of the improved needles, free of cost.

THE EAGLE PRESS

Is a chain power press, more forcible than any power ever invented for packing cotton.

Call and examine or send for circulars to

SAMUEL A. ECHOLS,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
Broad Street, (by the bridge) Atlanta, Georgia.

a ug21-d1f

Atlanta Steam Brewery.

Ale, Porter and Beer.

Temporary Office, Granite Block, Broad Street

ATLANTA, GA.

aug21-d3m SPENCER & CO.

CATALOGUES GOTTON UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL.

MRS. HARLOW will open her School for young ladies and children, September 19th. The usual course of instruction in English, with French, Vocal and Instrumental Music on Piano and Guitar. A limited number of pupils can be accommodated in her family, combining home with educational advantages.

References—C. Whitehead, Esq., Dr. Crawford, Colonel Glenn, Colonel Bennet, Atlanta; Judge Hood, Dr. S. B. Walker, Augusta; Geo. W. Lamar, Esq., Savannah.

Apply at her residence on Pryor street, near Garnett, between 9 o'clock, A. M., and 4 P. M.

sep13-d2w

Vegetable Garden to Rent.

THE LAWSHE GARDEN in the western part of the city, for the next year, with RESIDENCE, if possession given at any time.

Apply to Dr. S. J. BOACH,
Trustee,
sep21-d1f Corner Whitehall and Peters Sts.

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, CRABS, ETC.

I AM now prepared to furnish my former customers, throughout the state, with FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, CRABS, etc.

Orders by mail promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A. S. ALLEN,
sep21-d1m SAVANNAH, GA.

Troy Female Seminary.

THIS Institution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of more than twenty professors and teachers.

For circulars apply to

JOHN H. WILLARD
aug21-d3m Troy, New York.

THE BROWN

—AND—

GULLETT COTTON GINS.

I HAVE the agency for the above Gins, and will be glad to have parties wishing to purchase call and examine or correspond with me.

WILLIS R. BIGGERS,
At Samuel A. Echols' Agricultural Warehouse.
aug21-d1f

$6,000 FOR ONE DOLLAR!

$30,000 WORTH OF *REAL ESTATE*

—AND—

Personal Property to be RAFFLED

For, at Calhoun, Georgia,

OCTOBER 24th, 1870.

EVERY TICKET GUARANTEED A PRIZE

Raffle Conducted by Six Sworn Commissioners.

AGENTS WANTED—To whom a liberal commission will be given.

REFERENCES.—Colonel W. H. Dabney, Atlanta, Georgia, or County Officers.

Send for Circulars, Tickets, etc., to

H. K. HICKS & CO.,
Managing Agents,
September 11, 1870—d1m Calhoun, Ga.

WAGONS! WAGONS!

WE respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Georgia and adjoining States, to our

Wagon Manufactory,

LOCATED AT

Cumming, Forsyth County, Georgia.

Where we are prepared to put up all kinds of Wagons, in neat styles, upon short notice and at

REASONABLE PRICES.

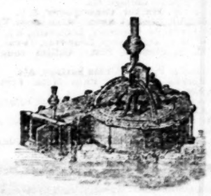
We warrant all work ordered of us. We are also, prepared to

Repair Wagons, Buggies, etc.

We will deliver Wagons at any of the Depots in Atlanta, for shipment

Address: JAMES & EAKES,
July12-d1dstnov Cumming, Ga.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS.



TWO of the best Turbine Water Wheels made in the United States (the American and Rubbell and Caperton) can be had on short notice

At Manufacturers' Prices,

By applying at my office.

Call and get pamphlet and circulars for instructions and prices.

P. P. PEASE, Agent,
Corner Whitehall and Mitchell streets,
aug6-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

Family Ice Machines.

TOSELLI'S only practical Ice Machines for the use of Druggists, Confectioners and Families generally, producing transparent ice in 10 to 2 minutes, equal to and cheaper than naturalwithout steam power. Suitable for all climate and easy to operate. The refrigerant consists o harmless chemicals which is evaporated after every operation.

Address: G. R. NEWMAN,
23 Maiden Lane, New York.
apr14— dec 28-d1y

C. F GROOVER, *Savannah.* C. P. STUBBS, *Savannah.* A. T. MACINTYRE, *Thomasville.*

GROOVER, STUBBS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

94 BAY STREET,

SAVANNAH!

Bagging Ties, Rope, and other Supplies furnished. Also, liberal Cash advances made on Consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports. aug11-d6m

THE CHARTER OAK STOVES.

For sale only by

LANGFORD & McCRATH,

81 Whitehall street.

[July5-d1f]

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

I AM prepared to furnish, at short notice, from 50 to 100 cords

GOOD SOUND WOOD,

Per week, at the lowest market price. Parties wishing wood can leave their orders at Messrs STEARMAN & KEIRS, Gate City Saloon, Atlanta, Georgia.

A. B. GRADY,
sept7-d2 Gradyville, Georgia.

BRICKS FOR SALE.

I HAVE Two hundred thousand good average Bricks, at my yard in West End, which I will sell reasonably, for cash, if called for soon.

aug20-d1f JULIUS GLATZ.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.,

Ten rods on right of Passenger Depot.

Fare..... $2 per day.

A. L. MILLER, PROPRIETOR.

aug21-d1f

GEORGIA, Campbell County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, September 9, 1870.

MRS. CORNAR M. SMITH, as wife of John W. Smith, has applied for exemption of personality, and I will pass upon the same at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the 26th day of September, 1870, at my office.

E. C. BEAVERS, Ordinary.
sept11-d1t&w2t Printer's fee $3

DR. F. H. ORME,

(HOMŒOPATHIST,)

HAS removed his office to No. 2, Capitol Building.

aug27-d2t-4sat-3sun-1mon

CANCER! CANCER!

—BY—

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK,

Of Madison, Georgia,

Makes a specialty of treating all persons afflicted with

CANCERS, SCROFULA,

Indolent, Ulcers, etc., etc.

HE has successfully treated CANCERS for the last TWENTY YEARS, without the use of the knife or any mercurial agent. He begs to refer those afflicted to the following certificates of persons who have been cured by his treatment. They speak for themselves. The question will be asked who is Dr. Hitchcock? To all such I will answer that I was born and raised in Georgia. For all of which I feel proud. I am permanently located in Madison, Georgia.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: It gives me pleasure to give my testimony in regard to the wonderful effects produced by your Vegetable Cancer Plaster. About five years ago I became afflicted with Cancer, just above my right breast. From that time to August 1st, 1868, I had as many as ten or twelve Physicians to examine and prescribe for it, but all proved of no avail. I called on you about the first of August, 1868, and put myself under your treatment. I am happy to say that your Plaster removed the Cancer, and I am now entirely well. I cheerfully give this certificate, not for the purpose of applauding you, though I feel undertaking obligations to you for the cure, I do it for the benefit of all such as may be afflicted with this terrible malady.

FRANCIS A CALLOWAY

Rutledge, Ga. June 1, 1870

Tested by Dr. J. F. JACKSON.
Dr. J. J. MONTGOMERY.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I do hereby certify that I had a Cancer on my angle of my jaw for fifteen years, and have applied to a number of physicians for treatment, but without success. The application of your celebrated Plaster removed the Cancer in eight days from the time of application. It has now been nearly two years since I was cured. I cheerfully give this for the benefit of the afflicted. T. P. PEACOCK.

Madison, Ga., June 1, 1870.

I do certify that I have been troubled with a Cancer on my cheek, near my under eye-lid for two years past. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, who applied his celebrated Cancer Plaster, and was agreeably surprised to see the Cancer come out whole, the eighth day from application; I am now well, and my face entirely healed up. I advise all persons afflicted with a Cancer to give him a trial. ROBERT SHIELDS.

Madison, August 2, 1869.

I have been suffering with a Cancer of the large kind, on the back of my neck, (a bad rose cancer, for the past three years. I applied to Dr. W. L. HITCHCOCK, of Madison, who put a plaster on the Cancer, and, in eight days, it came out entirely. I am now well, and have been since the Cancer came out, which was last fall.

M. W. COFER.

Rutledge, Ga., September, 1868.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I am pleased to state that your Plaster has entirely cured the Cancer on my nose, which has give me so much trouble. I shall ever feel grateful to you for the success of your remedy.

MRS. LORINA STRATTON.

Madison, Ga., May 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK: I am pleased to certify that I have had a large Cancer on my right arm for twenty years, and have seen and advised with numbers of Physicians, who advised me to let it alone, as they considered the Cancer too far advanced to be subdued by remedies. I heard of you and made application for treatment as a last resort, and to my great satisfaction your Plaster has taken out the Cancer in eight days, by the roots, and the sore is now rapidly healing and I entertain strong hopes of a speedy recovery.

J. F. BURNS.

Edgefield Court House, S. C.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir: I do hereby certify that I have been afflicted sorely with Cancer for fifteen years, and have tried many Physicians, and spent a great deal of money—all to no purpose, until I called on you, in Madison, last winter. The application of your Plaster has acted like a charm. I have the Cancer now in my possession, and the sore is all healed up, except one small place, which is nearly healed. I beg to refer all persons afflicted to call on Dr. Hitchcock, at Madison, Georgia.

T. B. REESE.

Edgefield C. H., S. C., or Hamburg, South Carolina, May, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I am happy to certify that your remedies have cured the Cancer on my face and nose, that had given me so much pain for twelve years. It appears as sound as if I never had a Cancer.

MRS. E. R. STANTON

Newton County, Ga., Ap. 11 21, 1870—Postoffice at Social Circle, Georgia.

It affords me pleasure to state that I have witnessed a number of remarkable cures of cancer, by the application of Dr. W. L. Hitchcock's Cancer Plaster.

J. F. PATTERSON.

September, 1870. Madison, Ga.

—:o:—

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK'S LIVER MEDICINE.

I would also state that, in addition to my curing Cancers, I am in regular practice of medicine, and make a specialty of the following diseases, especially those peculiar to females, to which I guarantee perfect relief in a few days. I keep a full assortment of my Pain Plaster, based on head of my own manufacturing, but I call your especial attention to my Improved COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA AND INDIAN HEAD OR LIVER TIVE AND LIVER TONIC. I unhesitatingly recommend this for purifying the blood. Cleansing it of all impurities of the Liver, Spleen, and Kidneys, by which it is rendered pure and healthy. Eruptions of the skin, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Ringworm, and other diseases of the skin. It cures mercurial and all impurities of the blood. Female weakness, or rather any disease arising from a disordered liver, can be cured by this medicine. The Liver is the largest organ in the human system, and when it is deranged all the functions of the body are more or less affected. This medicine is compounded to act on all the functions of the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Blood and Skin. It cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Fever and Ague, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Constipation, Piles, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nightmare, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Region of the Kidneys, and a thousand other painful symptoms, which are the offspring of Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint. For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, this Medicine is unequalled. It will expel all humors from the blood, and will leave the skin clear and the complexion beautiful. Ask your druggist for it. Take no other. Be sure and get the genuine. Prepared only by DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK, Madison, Georgia.

I have been using your Liver Medicine in my family for the last two years with the most happy results. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all those who may be afflicted with torpid condition of the liver, skin diseases, scrofulous affection, etc. I find it to be all you represent it to be.

SAMUEL PENNINGTON.

Madison, Ga., September 1, 1870.

As I have no agent, the Medicine will have to be procured at my office in Madison, Ga. I send by mail or express to all parts of the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that my wife and daughter, Mrs. W. H. Jones, of Union Point, Ga., and myself, took what have used your Alterative Liver Medicine, and do all cheerfully say it has had a fine effect; has entirely relieved them of their Liver affection. My wife, of course, said my little granddchild, was laboring under an affection of the liver, and also was badly affected with Asthma. I learn he has been entirely relieved. Our colored woman is about the turn of life, and has been suffering with diseased liver, and general debility of the whole system, together with its flatulency and Asthma. She says she is entirely cured by the use of your Medicine. I cheerfully recommend it to the public, believing it to be a good medicine.

Yours truly,

REV. W. A. FLORENCY,
Pastor of the M. E. Church, South, Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have used your Alterative and Liver Medicine, and have derived great benefit from it. Other members of my family have used it with like benefit, and I can confidently recommend it as a good remedy for the diseases you propose to relieve.

Yours,

C. M. IRWIN,
Pastor Ga. 1st Church.

Madison, Ga., September 6, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have had the misfortune to be afflicted with a liver and dyspeptic affection for the last twenty years. I have scarcely been able to eat or digest my food without pain, and have often tried various remedies, but found no relief until I took a course of your Alterative Medicine. I am now hearty and hearty. I cheerfully recommend all persons who may be afflicted with that affection, to give these Medicines a trial, and I am sure they will be relieved.

PHILIP SHOUSE.

Madison Ga., December, 1869.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—I have been laboring under a dyspeptic and liver affection for a number of years past, so much so that I had reduced in flesh to a mere skeleton, and became cancerous, having a large one on my jaw, which had resisted treatment, or rather cure, for twelve years. I commenced taking your Alterative and Liver Medicine, which has affected a permanent cure. Your Cancer Plaster took out the cancer, and I am now well and hearty, and have been for two years. I recommend all persons, afflicted with the above diseases, to try your remedies.

T. P. PEACOCK.

Madison, Ga.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I have, for the last eight years, been afflicted with a cantrious affection of the skin, which it greatly relieved by your Sulphur and Indian Herb. I cheerfully recommend it for all persons who may be thus afflicted. I find it to be all you represent it to be

W. L. HUDSON,
Conyers, Ga.

September 2, 1870.

DR. W. L. HITCHCOCK—Sir:—This is to certify that I have used your Cathartic Liver Medicine in my family for the last two years with the most happy results. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all those who may be afflicted with torpid condition of the liver, skin diseases, scrofulous affection, etc. I find it to be all you represent it to be.

SAMUEL PENNINGTON.

Madison, Ga., September 1, 1870.

AS I have no agent, the Medicine will have to be procured at my office in Madison, Ga. I send by mail or express to all parts of the United States.

FOR NEW YORK VIA Charleston, South Carolina.

THE SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL Steamships

MANHATTAN, CHAMPION, JAS. ADGER, CHARLESTON,

Of New York and Charleston Steamship Company's line will leave Adger's South Wharf, ON EVERY SATURDAY during the SUMMER MONTHS.

The ships of this line are handsomely and commodiously fitted up for Passengers, and their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston markets.

Insurance by this Line half per cent.

Cotton taken to New York, Liverpool, Boston, Providence, and the best rates and manufacturing towns at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS

—FROM—

ATLANTA TO NEW YORK, $27.50.

This includes Meals and Stateroom.

JAS ADGER & CO., Agents,
Charleston, S. C.

H. M. COTTINGHAM,
Freight and Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Georgia, who will give all further information and secure Cabin Staterooms in advance. Tickets sold by him or at General Ticket Office.

aug1-d1m

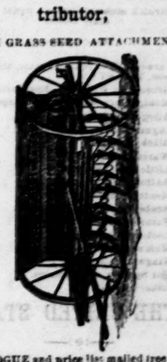
House and Lot for Sale.

THE mansion walk from the Car Shed. Apply to

J. H. GAVAN,
No. 11 Broad Street,
aug21-d1f Cincinnati Ale Depot.

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S Grain Drill and Guano Distributor,

WITH GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT.



CATALOGUE and price list mailed free to applicants. Please address

SAMUEL A ECHOLS,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
Broad street, (by the bridge) Atlanta.
aug21-d1f

LANDSBERG'S LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SAWED SHINGLES & LATHS.

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.

AND ALL

VARIETIES OF DRY

AND

Framing Lumber.

July2—

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD!

The Strictly Pure WH

The Daily Constitution.

City and Suburban Affairs.

THIS afternoon at 4 o'clock, G. W. Adair will sell at auction the very desirable and valuable Newton property. All desiring good property should attend the sale.

Popular Prophecies.

The war has brought to the surface the following prophecy of the famous Provencal poet and seer, Nostradamus, who died about 1575. He was born in the south of France, and was of Jewish descent. As physician and astrologer he was held in high estimation by the French kings and nobility:

When the figures of the century,
Added and doubled, both as rec—
Andseven times the years decree—
Apollyon in the West shall rise
His haughty head in grand emprise.
Ruin shall mark his fierce advance.
Wa- is his mien, death in his glance,
His engines of destruction dire.
I shall fill the air with bolts of fire;
His metal ships shall scour the flood,
And turn the river's course with blood.
* * * * * * *
Two kings in Gaul and Italy—
Three crowns shall bear, thrice chosen be;
The eagle empires then shall war,
And spread their desolation far.
The one that most on others preyed
Shall be defeated and dismayed.
The one that warred for fancied fame
Shall lose his kingdom and his name
The North shall come like beasts of prey,
The South shall mingle in the fray
The East shall Mennon's statue raise;
The West shall see her cities blaze;
The Crescent, waning, shall decay
Before the beams of the new day.
* * * * * * *
From the waters hear the roar
On the lion's rock-bound shore,
And, on the green western Isle,
See the tearful maiden smile—
One is caged and one is free—
Hear the shouts of liberty
From the isles and from the plains,
Scythian youth and Gallic swains;
Thunder shakes the hills no more,
Cascades over mountains pour.
From the land where broods the dove,
Words of cheer on chords of love—
Through the ocean's slimy bed,
Life shall triumph o'er the dead.
Heaven shall then its brooding wings
Fold o'er all subjuner things;
Men united know no war—
Liberty their beacon star.
O'er the land and o'er the seas
Shall be one universal peace.
* * * * * * *
Then Apollyon's legions dead;
Then the king with triple head
Shall no more his fatal sway
Over men hold day by day.
Their sin in blood forever set,
They'll be forgot as they forget.

The interpretation suggested is that the "figures of the century, one and eight," are to be added, making nine centuries, which, doubled, make the eighteen centuries; then add the seven tens and the year 1870 rises to view.

☞ Prussia will only treat with the old Senate, Corps Legislatiff and Empress. This means war to the death for the provisional government, which, sooner than abdicate the Republic, will make Paris a heap of ruins.

MADRID, September 15.—Senor Olozaga, the Spanish Minister to Paris, has been recalled, his offense being the recognition of the French Republic, when, by the present treaties, Spain is bound to await the action of other Powers before taking such a step.

☞ A dispatch from Mezieres says that at a council between the King of Prussia and the German representatives at Rheims, it was decided to annex Alsace and Lorraine, and decline diplomatic interference.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, September 20, 3 o'clock, P. M. }

Merchants are in better spirits this week, There is a scarcity of prime white wheat in market. Chickens, butter and eggs are also scarce, and bring good prices.

COTTON—Market quiet. 16 for middlings; 15¼ for low middlings; 14 for good ordinary, and 12½ for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 12; selling at 1-14. Silver buying at 1 05; selling at 1 09. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 15. Rice, 10@ Hominy. Soap, 7@8c. Candles, adamantine, 15c. Tallow 12@15c. Sugars, A, 15½c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 14½; Brown, 12½@14. Rio Coffee 20@24; Java 35@38. Beeswax, 33@34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75@1 00. Molasses, barrels, 38c. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 13c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40@50c; Tennessee, 35@40.

PROVISIONS—Bacon—Clear sides 19½@20; clear rib sides 19; shoulders 16½; plain hams 23@25; canvassed 26@28.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18@19.

FLOUR—Stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00@6 50; extra 6 50@7 00; family 7 00@7 50; fancy 8 00.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Shirtings, 7/8 10½; B. Shirting 3-4, 8½@9; 4-4 11@13; Bleached shirting, 7/8, 7@9½; Bleached shirting, 4/4, 11@14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 14½@17½; Checks, 18½@19; Montour Osnaburgs, 16; Tronp, 18; Warps, 1 50.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 14½@15.

GRAIN—Corn, full stock. We quote mixed and yellow at 90@95; and prime white at $1 00@1 05. Wheat—red 1 00; prime white 1 30. Oats, 50@55. Rye, 1 25 in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 25.

DRY GOODS—Aliens 12; Sprague, 12; Pacific 12; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag 10; Tickling, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 16; Amoskeag D, 22; Hamilton, 28; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 57½@60; medium sound 65@75; fine sound 80@90; extra fine 1 00@1 35.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 00@1 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25@6 00; Robinson County, 2 00@3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50@3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00@6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00@6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50@6 00; Scotch, 3 50@4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50@12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 9@9½; horse shoe, 7@8; round and square, 5@10; City Mills bar, 5@6; Pittsburgh bar, 5@6; nail rod, 10@12; band, 7@8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 00; 3s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26@28c; German, 18@20.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda 7@7½ per lb, Blue stone 18@20. Copperas 3½@3½. Epsom salts 3½@8. Madder 22@25. Opium 16 00@18 per pound. Alum, 8@10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8@10. Camphor, 1 20@1 40. Indigo, 1 20@1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12@20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00@6 50; pints, 3 3@3 50; per gal., 2 75@4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50@6 00; per gal., 1 45@3 50.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; ½ kegs $4 00; ¼ kegs $2 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½@7½, owing to size. Live cattle on foot, choice 3½@4.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30@1 35; do., boiled, 1 35@1 40; Sperm, 2 50@3 00; Whale, 1 50@2 00; Lard, 1 40@2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75@2 00; Tanners, 1 00@1 25; Kerosene 40@45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75@4 00; Japan, 2 00@2 25; Coach, 4 50@5 00. White lead, per lb., 9@14; do., pure, 18.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40@50; Hemlock, good, 31@33; damaged, 25@30; French calf skins, 30 00@60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00@45 00; Harness leather, 45@50c; upper leather, 60@80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50@9 00 per doz. Green hides 6; dry salted, 15@16c; dry flint, 16@18c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 85c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel, James River 4 50@5 00 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, September 20.—Cotton dull; uplands 18¾; Orleans 19½; sales 500 bales. Flour very firm. Wheat held firm. Corn 1c better. Pork dull at 26 00. Lard quiet. Turpentine weak at 39¼. Rosin 1 90@1 95 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Gold 133¼@133¾. Money 5@6. Sterling, long 9½; short 10½. 62's 12¾.

LONDON, September 20.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 90½. Sugar easier.

LATER—Consols 93¼@93. Rosin buoyant.

LIVERPOOL, September 20.—Cotton quiet; uplands 9⅝; orleans 9⅝; sales 10,000 bales. Corn 33s. 6d.

LATER.—Red western wheat 8s. 5d.; red winter 9s. 2d.; white western 9s. 6d.; white California 10s. 2d. Flour 28s. 6d. Corn 33s. 6d. Pork 90s. Lard 63s. Tallow 46s. 6d. Rosin 15s. 6d. Spirits turpentine 34s. 6d.

Railrouds.

THE
GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!
VIA
ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS
BETWEEN
West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,
TO
Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.
BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
ON
All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at
Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
april1-dtf

1870!

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT
ANY OF THE
Northern, Southern, Eastern,
—OR—
WESTERN CITIES
Should study well the attractions offered by the
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta
RUNNING A DOUBLE
DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,
Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the
LUXURIOUS COACHES
Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED
Pullman Sleepers,
Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Coyner's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Berkeley Springs,
Natural Bridge, of Virginia,
Lookout Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
Niagara Falls,
Hot Springs, of Arkansas.
And all other resorts
IN THE UNITED STATES.

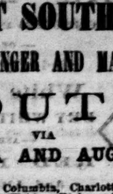
This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to
Yokohama, Japan,
Hioga, Japan,
Hong Kong, China,
Shanghai, China,
Nagasaki, China,

Steamers Leave San Francisco
—FOR—
CHINA AND JAPAN,
On the first day of each month.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities. Baggage checked to destination and handled free. Ask for Tickets via

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
R. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS,
Master Transportation and Superintendent.
FOSTER BLODGETT,
Superintendent.
L. M. HARRIS,
Master of Transportation.

READ



IT is well known to Doctors and to Ladies, that Women are subject to numerous diseases peculiar to their sex—such as Suppression of the Menses, Whites, Painful Monthly Periods, Rheumatism of the Back and Womb, Irregular Menstruation, Hemorrhage, or Excessive Flows, and Prolapsus Uteri or Falling of the Womb.

These diseases have been treated successfully. The profession has sought diligently for some remedy that would enable them to treat these diseases with success.

At last that remedy has been discovered by one of the most skilful physicians in the State of Georgia. That remedy is

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, and a certain cure as quinine is in Chills and Fevers.

For a history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle.

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 12, 1870.

BRADFIELD & Co., ATLANTA, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: It is a pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as DR. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade DR. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.

W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. A. WASHE, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Celebrated Liver Medicine.

It is purely vegetable, and will act upon the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Buchu, without any danger of salivation or destruction of the bones.

Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in in the Mouth, the skin has a thick rough feeling, and is darker than usual, Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramps' Cold Feet, Colic, Dysentery, or Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, and Piles. In fact, where the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent and cure any disease resulting from a deranged LIVER.

It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.

It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.

There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, GA., September 4, 1868.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agreed she had "Liver Disease." In connection with the physicians she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I procured a bottle of your "Liver Medicine," of your agent here, C. A. Harvey, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.

Respectfully, etc.,
GEO. L. THOMPSON.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, July 18, 1870.

MESSRS. BRADFIELD & CO.:

GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Shallenberger's Pills—all to no purpose. I was troubled with pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I had well nigh despaired of recovering, when a friend recommended me to take Dr. Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has cured me; and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to th afflicted. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours, etc.,
O. M. HARRALSON.

DR. PROPHITT'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholora Infantum, or Cholera Morbus.

This medicine has been in use for years, and gives universal satisfaction.

The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINGTON, GA., November 9, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Dysentery Cordial, and derived therefrom immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy to all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.

Truly, etc.,
O. S. PORTER.

CUSSETA, TEXAS, 1869.

DR. PROPHITT:

DEAR SIR: Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill It is a complete success.
J. L. WHITTLE.

PROPHITT'S
PAIN KILL IT.

This is the celebrated medicine that run Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. Davis made Prophitt change the name from Pain Killer to PAIN KILLIT.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no equal.

For Cuts, Bruises, Burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use as a dressing.

For SNAKE BITES or STINGS of POISONOUS INSECTS, it is a perfect ANTIDOTE.

It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs, or Bowel Complaint. Its name indicates its nature fully It is truly DEATH to pain.

Manufactured and sold by BRADFIELD & CO. Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists.

NEWTON FACTORY, GA., November, 1867,

DR. PROPHITT:

Last summer my horse sprained his knee severely, causing the whole leg to swell to about twice its natural size, and rendering him almost helpless; two applications of your Anodyne Pain Kill It thoroughly cured it.
JOHN B. DAVIS.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Fever and Ague Pills.

THE best Antidote for Chills and Fever known Cures warranted in every case or money refunded. Purely vegetable.

DR. PROPHITT'S
ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

WILL relieve Headache, Nervousness, Jaundice, and all other derangements of the Liver. Purely vegetable.

Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Broad Street, Atlanta, Georgia and for sale by all Druggists of Atlanta, Georgia, at manufacturers prices.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:

Colonel R J Henderson, Covington, Ga.; O T Rogers, Covington, Ga.; G B Porter, Covington, Ga.; Prof. H Holmes, Covington, Ga.; A M Rabison, Georgia Conference; Rev W W Oslin, Georgia Conference; F W Swanson, Monticello, Ga.; Robert Barnes, Jasper county, Ga.; A M Robinson, Monticello, Ga.; James Wright, Putnam county, Ga.; A Westbrook, Putnam county, Ga.; Judge J J Floyd, Covington, Ga.; W L Bebee Covington Enterprise; H Zachry, Conyers, Ga.; George Wallace, Atlanta, Ga.; Dick Lockett, Davis county, Texas; W Hawk Whatley, Conyers, Georgia; C Bowden, Linden county, Texas; Toomey & Stewart, Atlanta, Ga.; W J Lansdell, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.; E F Holder, of E F Holder & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; Uriah Stevens, Cartersville, Ga.; A M Louis, Lowndes county, Ga.; Joseph Land, Lowndes county, Ga.; Jas Neal, Cartersville, Ga.; W L Mills, Dooly county, Ga.; Mrs Mary Mooty county, Ga.; John B Davis, Newton Factory; B F Sass, Lowndes county.

STATE OF GEORGIA, } Know all men by
FULTON COUNTY. } these presents, That I have this day, for value received, sold and transferred to BRADFIELD & CO. the right to manufacture and sell my Female Regulator, and have furnished them with the full receipt, and have authorized them to sell BRADFIELD & CO. all of their goods, and anyone may see proper concerning my said right of above named Medicine. This 8th day of June, 1869.
J. BRADFIELD. [L. S.]

In presence of Thomas F. Jones, and Robert Crabtree, witness present. [L. S.]
And for sale by all Druggists.

HARDWARE
AT
Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART.
and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb3-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
AND
MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Snadowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel
nov28-dly

ROSADALIS!

ROSADALIS

THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, with Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for Dr. Rosadalis Treatise, or Book or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleanser of the Blood, I know no better remedy.

Samuel G. McFadden, Murfreesboro' Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes: I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors
L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates. may 1-dly

Chattahoochee House,
WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

may22-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;"
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and colorless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
Also Stationary and Portable
Steam Engines, &c.
No. 5 Schroeder Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists.
feb21-dly

feb13—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 383 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who come under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.
apr20-dtf

Valuable Real Estate,
AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haile Bowdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to
E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B—Some **Valuable Mill Property** for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville.
apr10-dtf

DR. W. A. HOOTEN'S
INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CONTINUES to perform the most remarkable cures of the age on the Eye. These wonderful works have already become matter of history, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole country. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information.

REFERENCES.

General John B. Gordon, President Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.
General A. Austell, President National Bank Atlanta, Ga.
Ex Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
J. F. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. R. W. Fuller, Paster First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
Prof. L. J. Morris, Auburn, Ala.
Hon. J. T. Clark, Cuthbert, Ga.
Hon. John Erskine, Judge U. S. D. C., Athens, Georgia.
Rev. I. J. Wood, Rome, Ga
Rev. T. H. Murphy, Hogansville, Ga.
Hon. C. B. Wootten, Dawson, Ga.
Rev. D. Reese, M. D., Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon. R. A. Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, Ga.
Captain S. S. Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G. S. Gardner, Conductor S. W. Railroad, Ga
Colonel B. A. Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
Hon. Wm. M. Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
Colonel B. J. Smith, Cuthbert, Ga.
Rev. Jonathan Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga.
Rev. Aug. W. Walker, Conwayboro', S. C.
F. B. Moodie, General Agent Mississippi Valley Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. W. H. C. Dunwody, Lone Star, Texas.
Hon. C. A. Stanton, Piano, Collins county, Texas.
Hon. Thomas Pullum, Union Springs, Ala.
Rev. Morgan Calloway, Pres. Meth. Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
J. J. Toon, Proprietor Franklin Steam Printing House, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. D. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.

Infirmary on the corner of Collin and Baker streets. Office at Infirmary.

Bills for professional services, cash or its equivalent.

Persons writing on business will please inclose postage stamp.

For circulars, apply to
DR. W. A. HOOTEN,
or REV. J. F. HOOTEN,
Atlanta, Ga.
june19-dtf

BRICK FOR SALE.

THE undersigned has at their kiln near Conyers, 125 000 first-class Brick now ready for delivery, which they will sell at a fair price, with a sufficient force of hands in the Yard to keep a constant supply. The Yard is conveniently located on the Georgia Railroad. Any order sent us for Brick will be promptly filled. A sample of our Brick can be seen at the store of Toomey & Stewart, Atlanta, Georgia; also, at J. J. Spencer's office, Railroad Agent, Covington, Georgia, in a few days.

WM GALLAWAY,
july17-dtf D. T. WHITE.

BUILDING PAPER.

This is a hard, compact paper, like an ordinary brown book-cover, and is saturated with tar and used on the outside of frame buildings, under the clapboards, also under shingles and floors, to keep out damp, cold and heat. It is also used on the inside, not saturated, instead of Plastering, and makes a warm and cheery wall. Prices are only from $3 to $30 (according to size) to cover houses on the outside. ☞ Samples and descriptive circular sent free.

Address W. F. FITCH,
No. 9 North Street, Baltimore,
General Agent for the Southeast.
aug2-dcc 3m

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.
A DELIGHTFUL TONIC
We take great pleasure in offering the
Old Carolina Bitters
to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopeia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS
Will be found invaluable for
Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WISEMAN & CO.
Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
Charleston, S. C.
jan18-dly

Valuable Property for Sale.

TWO very desirable pieces of city property, consisting of one house and lot on the corner of Forsyth and Luckie streets; house contains 8 rooms—has large garden. Also, 1 beautiful building lot, unimproved, about 3 acres on Stephens and Richardson streets, adjoining the property of E. O. McDaniel and A. W. Mitchell. Also one of the finest plantings in Spalding county, Georgia, containing 250 acres, 3½ miles from Griffin. Apply to GEO SCHAEFER, at the Warehouse of Hunter and Pryor streets, formerly occupied by McDaniel, Strong & Co.
aug2-dtf

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

THE SESSION of this institution commences annually on the 1st day of October, and continues, without interruption, till the Thursday preceding the 4th of July following.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science, and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

The expenses of the Academic or Law Student, exclusive of the cost of Text Books and clothing, and possible Boards, AMOUNT to about $200, for session of nine months; and of the Engineering or Medical Student to about $300, of which sums, $30 are charged for matriculation, and the balance in the proportion of the session.

For details send for catalogue. P. O. "University of Virginia."
B. MAUPIN,
july28-dcc3m Chairman of the Faculty.

The Summer Attraction.

The McDowell House, Newnan, Ga.

A NEW Brick Hotel, well ventilated, and commodious. Good water, and fine healthy climate. A retreat for invalids and the over worked mechanic. Moderate fare, bountiful table, clean rooms.

E. T. WHITE, Superintendent,
Newnan, Ga.
july9-dtf

SEASON, 1870.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,
Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The unsurpassed beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure-seeker, for rest on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily (Sacbee, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $2 50; per week $15 00; per month, $60 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
Knoxville, Tennessee.

HANNON, JOHNSTON & CLANTON,
GENERAL
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Terminus Texas Central Railroad.
General M. W. HANNON,
Terminus T. C. R. R.,
General JOS. E. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.,
General JAS. H. CLANTON,
Montgomery, Ala.
july2-dly

One Thousand Pounds
TURNIP SEEDS.

RUTA BAGA, White Top, Flat Dutch, Purple Top, Large White Globe, Yellow Aberdeen, Large Norfolk, and the celebrated SEVEN TOP, or "JOHNNY REB."

Prepare your land and plant Ruta Bagas early in July. Above Seeds at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Retail, $1 00 per pound, and mailed free on receipt of price.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Guano, Seeds, and Agricultural Implements,
June28-dtf Broad street.

HORSE AND CATTLE REMEDIES.

The Best and most Reliable ever offered to the Public.

The American Magnetic

Equine Liniment

Equine Ointment

EQUINE CONDITION POWDERS

CERTIFICATE.

☞ I hereby certify that I have examined, and **thoroughly tested in my practice** the above articles, and regard them as preparations of **great merit** and would cordially recommend them as being prepared with **special care from reliable ingredients**, and more efficient for the treatment of the various diseases for which they are designed, than **any remedies** of which I have knowledge.

GEORGE H. DADD,
Veterinary Surgeon, Author of "*Anatomy and Physiology of the Horse*," "*Modern Horse Doctor*," &c.

Purchasers will please ask for a copy of "Horse and Cattle Owner's Guide," gratis.

LORD & SMITH, Proprietors,
CHICAGO, ILLS.

REDWINE & FOX,
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
And for Sale by all Druggists.
mar3-dcow1y

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.
sep20-dtf

DEMAREST & WOODRUFF
(Successors to TOMLINSON-DEMAREST CO.)
628 & 630 Broadway, N. Y.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriages, Buggies, &c.
Especially adapted for the Southern Roads.
OUR STOCK COMPRISES
LIGHT VICTORIAS,
PHAETONS,
CABRIOLAS,
ROCKAWAYS
And all other styles of Fine Carriages,
For one or two horses.
TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES,
On Elliptic and Side Springs.
CONCORD BUGGIES,
MAIL HACKS & JERSEY WAGONS.
We are also Sole Manufacturers of the
WOODRUFF CONCORD BUGGY
AND
Plantation Wagon for 1, 2, 4 & 6 Horses
The best Buggy and Wagon in America for the money.

We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and know exactly what is wanted to